THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

The only "ALWAYS OPEN" Pharmacy in B. C.
C. E. JONES,
36 Government St.

VOL. 19 — VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6 1894. — No. 138

Souvenirs

Be sure and get a souvenir of Victoria during the celebration at CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S. They have the finest stock of Souvenir Spoons, etc., in the city. Remember the place

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

Phoenix Fire Insurance Company

(OF LONDON ENGLAND.)

FOUNDED 1782. STOCKHOLDERS' LIABILITY UNLIMITED.

The above Company, which has been established in Victoria since 1864, is one of the oldest and wealthiest English Companies. Since its establishment it has paid more than £19,000,000 in discharge of claims for losses by fire. The undersigned, as agents, have full power to write polices, and settle all lossses and claims without reference elsewhere.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
FIVE SISTERS BLOCK, VICTORIA, B. C.

Sporting Shoes

Are now having a big run at our place. LOOK AT OUR PRICES: Boys' Lacrosse shoes, 65 cents; Men's Lacrosse shoes, 75 cents and $1; Men's Balmorals, $1.25. See our Cricket and Tennis shoes.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and refaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

THE WESTSIDE SALVAGE SALE

Will be Continued for Only

10 DAYS

At Present Prices.

SHOWROOM.

All goods that were in Showroom during the FIRE have been marked down to 25 cents on the dollar and less, to effect an entire clearance, as every article in this department MUST and WILL be sold, viz.:
MANTLES, JACKETS, WATERPROOFS, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S COTTON AND WOOL UNDERWEAR, BLOUSES, COLLARS, CUFFS, CORSETS, WOOL SHAWLS, FURS, ETC., ETC.

IN STORE.

We cannot quote further prices, as lines advertised are constantly being closed out. We can only refer to previous advertisements and handbills and to the hundreds of customers that have attended the Sale daily since the commencement. We would call special attention to the GREAT REDUCTION IN DRESS GOODS. Many lines of Double Width Cashmeres and Fancy Dress Goods, worth from 75c. to $1.25 per yard, being marked down to 25c. and 35c. to CLEAR.

SEE WINDOWS.

THE RULLON & BRETAGNE LACING GLOVE, Best Quality, (warranted) are still being sold at $1 PER PAIR. A full stock in sizes and colors.

THE STORE OPENS EVERY MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK.
ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
TERMS CASH.

JUNE 5TH, 1894. **J. HUTCHESON & CO.**

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A bargain; lot 20 minutes walk from post-office; reduced to $200. Apply 37 Hillside Avenue. jo6-3t

RETAIL MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION will meet in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad Street, Thursday, 14th June, 1894, 8 p.m. jo6-2t

LOST—Within the past two weeks, post-office savings bank Pass Book No. 49; finder will greatly oblige by leaving at 35 Johnson Street. jo5-1t

I. O. O. F.

Regular meeting of Columbia Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., this evening. Business of importance is to be transacted, and a full attendance is requested. jo6-1t

Br. Ship "Barrowdale."
CAPT. A. DOLDERSTONE.

All claims against the above ship must be sent in to the office of the undersigned before noon on
FRIDAY, 8th INST.
ROBERT WARD & CO., L'd Lby., Fort Street.
jo-2t

PUBLIC MEETING.

The Opposition Candidates for the representation of the city in the Legislative Assembly request the electors to meet at the

Philharmonic Hall, Fort Street,

on Monday evening, the 11th June, 1894, in order to afford an opportunity of addressing them upon the political issues of the day.

The Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock p.m. jo6-td

A Milk Maid

Always looks charming on a picture—and wins the admiration of all mankind.

Our Tailor Made

Suit at $18.00 or a pair of Trouseats $5.00 look exceedingly well on any man and are admired by everybody.

We Make Them

KINNAIRD,
The Cash Clothier,
No. 46 Johnson Street.

A Boon to Horsemen.—One Bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifles and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

THRICE HAPPY MAN.

The Earl of Rosebery's Famous Prophetic Vow

MADE AWAY BACK IN HIS SALAD DAYS

Gloriously Fulfilled To-Day—His Noble Horse, the Fleet Ladas, Wins the Derby—Admiring Thousands Witness the Grand Event—The Horses That Just Missed First Place.

London, June 5.—Prime Minister Rosebery's horse Ladas won the Derby today. Matchdox second, Reminder third. The great event was witnessed by many thousands from all parts of the United Kingdom. It was a popular victory in every sense.

POPULAR IDOLS.

Hungarian Statesmen Who Enjoy the People's Confidence.

Buda Pesth, June 5.—Dr. Wekerle and the other members of the retiring ministry returned from Vienna at 9 o'clock to-night and were received by the people with an enthusiasm resembling that during the recent ceremonies in honor of the late Louis Kossuth. Fully seventy thousand persons were gathered in the vicinity of the railway station. Carriages were in waiting, and the party started towards the Liberal club. The carriages proceeded amid continuous shouting and cheering. On arriving at the club a fresh ovation awaited Mr. Wekerle. A number of ladies stood at the entrance of the building and showered flowers upon him as he entered and a crowd of students carrying flags greeted him with songs.

In the house of magnates to-day it was decided to adjourn the debate on the demand of the lower house in regard to the introduction of the civil marriage bill until the cabinet crisis shall have been settled. Count Hedervary made his acceptance of office conditional upon the programme of his predecessor, Dr. Wekerle, being maintained in its entirety, insisting that the proposed ecclesiastical reforms are to be carried out immediately without any modification.

DR. MAHONEY'S BILL.

Tax Supervisors Cut It Down and He Gets Mad.

San Francisco, June 5.—There was a lively little episode in the committee room of the Board of Supervisors yesterday during the meeting of the judiciary committee. Ordinarily the sessions of this body are as dry as sawdust, the usual questions considered being the repayment of duplicate taxes erroneously paid.

A claim differing from the ordinary came up for consideration yesterday. Dr. Thomas L. Mahoney wanted his demand audited for services rendered in court as an expert. The bill was for $50. The services of Dr. Mahoney consisted in testifying as a resident expert recently in Judge Conlan's court.

The committee refused to accede to the physician's request.

"You are allowed $15, that is all," said Supervisor James.

Dr. Mahoney did not say anything at this conclusion. He simply took up his bill, including the demand on the treasury, placed one end between his two thumbs and deliberately tore it into fifty pieces.

"Gentlemen, I make the city a present of my bill," he said, and left the committee room.

"The city can stand it if you can," said Supervisor James, and the committee returned to the examination of tax bills.

Attacked by a Horse.

Long Island, June 5.—Mrs. E. N. Williams had a frightful experience with an enraged horse at Bayshore, Long Island, to-day. Mrs. Williams was attempting to lead the animal from the stable when it attacked her without the slightest warning. She received a kick on the body which felled her to the ground, and before she could be removed the enraged beast stamped one of his hoofs upon her face and planed her to the ground. The woman screamed, but was unable to release herself from beneath the animal's hoofs. Her cries were heard by some neighbors, and they came to her assistance. It was only when the rescuers were very near that the animal took his hoof from Mrs. Williams' face and ran off. Mrs. Williams was carried to her home in an unconscious condition. Her cheek bone was fractured and her face cut in a number of places.

THE FRASER FLOOD.

Another Steamer Sent to Help Settlers—More Washouts.

New Westminster, June 5.—Last night Government Agent Warwick received a dispatch asking that another steamer and scow be sent to Mission at once to save cattle. The steamer Blonde was engaged and left for Mission at daylight this morning. The government now has three steamers up river giving relief.

The C. P. R. have cancelled the sale of tickets east and there is no expectation of trains arriving or departing for several days and perhaps longer. The roadbed between Yale and Kamloops is reported to be in a worse condition than [illegible] have occurred at various points yesterday, stalling the two trains which left Katz Landing on Saturday and Sunday.

There will be a special meeting of the city council to-morrow evening to consider the advisability of forming a relief committee for the sufferers by the flood.

Port Hammond, June 4.—The water in the Fraser still continues to rise, and is now eighteen inches above the highest water of 1882. Great damage has been done, especially to Mr. R. L. Codd's stores [illegible] fruit farm, it being completely inundated. Mr. J. Baillie has also lost his crops. News was received here this morning that the B. C. D. & D. Co. dykes had all succumbed to the freshet. The whole country in this neighborhood is under water. The dyke built by the McLean Bros. along the Fraser is badly damaged, the water having gone over the top and almost washed it away in some places.

GRAND LODGE SITTING.

Supreme Chancellor Blackwell Visits Local Grand Lodge of K. of P.

The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias is in session here. Castle Hall, Broad street, is gaily decorated with bunting, streamers and a profusion of Pythian emblems.

Supreme Chancellor Blackwell, of Kentucky, arrived by the steamer George E Starr this morning from the Sound. He is accompanied by Brig.-General H. A. Bigelow, and Col. J. B. Metcalf, of Seattle, of the Uniform Rank. These distinguished Pythians are attending the sessions of the grand lodge and are being entertained by the local members of the order.

Grand lodge met this morning at 10 in Castle Hall and Grand Chancellor Austin opened the meeting, and the committee on credentials reported the following representatives:

Far West No. 1—M. S. Conlin, T. Deasy and W. Duck.

Wellington No. 2—Jas. W. Lewis and A. Paton.

Granville No. 3—L. B. Hesse and C. T. Williams.

Nanaimo No. 4—J. C. Reilly, Henry James and Geo. Cavaleky.

Comox No. 5—R. Muschamp.

Royal No. 6—J. Jagger and T. Ackerman.

Rathbone No. 7—W. D. Mearns and F. W. Dowling.

Damon No. 8—Dav. Coyle and John Horribin.

Myrtle No. 9—John Graham and Chas. Hardy.

Sunset No. 10.—Ed. E. Leason, W. J. Dwyer and H. A. Levin.

Mount Pleasant No. 11—Wm. S. McDonald.

Fraser River No. 12—Walter Fitzhenry.

Langley No. 13—Geo. Rowlinson.

Benevolence No. 14—Jno Bruce.

Maple No 15—Jno. W. Evans.

Granite No. 16—A. J. Holmes and J. G. Campbell.

Victoria No. 17—Andrew Rusta, Geo. S. Russell, Jno. W. Walker and W. P. Allan.

Coldstream No. 18—W. G. Muller.

Crusaders No. 19—E. H. Fowler.

After the conferring of the grand lodge rank the lodge adjourned. The grand lodge met again at 2 in the afternoon and adjourned at 3.

The members of the grand lodge of the local subordinate lodges assembled at Castle Hall at 3:30 and preceded by a band walked in procession to Hotel Victoria, at which place Supreme Chancellor Blackwell is quartered. They escorted him to the hall and an exemplification of secret work was given.

To-night at 9:30 a banquet will be given at the Wilson hotel to Supreme Chancellor Blackwell and members of the grand lodge.

Recital.

There was a large and fashionable gathering at the Conservatory of Music last evening, the occasion being a recital by the faculty and pupils. Herr Anton Zilm, violinist, was the principal performer of the evening. He played several excellent numbers in an artistic manner and won hearty applause by his efforts. He was given an encore. Miss Sharp sang in excellent style and also received an encore. The work of the pupils was very interesting for by comparison with their past efforts marked progress was shown. It must have been noted with pleasure by parents, friends and instructors. It would be unfair to make any particular distinction among the pupils, their performances being generally good. The singing of the quartette was very good. The whole affair was an unqualified success.

Political Notes.

Port Hammond, June 4.—The greatest excitement prevails here now that the election day is set. Government henchmen are seen shivering in their anxiety. They know only too well what will be the result after the poll is closed. It [illegible] government to mark their ballots for the straight opposition ticket, and in that way put an end to Davieism.

PERSONAL.

R. A. Hanon, Napa, Cal., is at the Oriental.

Capt. John Libby of Port Townsend is in the city.

H. Winchester, Tacoma, is staying at the Oriental.

J. Coltart returned from the mainland last night.

J. V. Kendall of Vancouver, is a guest at the Oriental.

J. A. Fullerton returned to Vancouver this morning.

Rev. S. Cleaver returned from the mainland last night.

Mrs. Landes of Port Townsend is visiting in the city.

Mr. Justice Drake returned from the mainland last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Lightfoot, London, are visiting Victoria.

C. F. S. King, Mrs. King, London, are staying at the Victoria.

A. H. B. McGowan, P. Briscombe, Vancouver, are at the Driard.

F. McFarlane and wife of Vancouver came to the city last night.

Geo. McL. Brown and A. H. B. McGowan of Vancouver are in the city.

R. Arkland and J. McNicoll arrived here from the mainland last night.

A. C. Plumerfelt leaves for the east via San Francisco to-morrow evening.

[illegible] Watts, St. Louis, are staying at the Driard.

Harry Barnard returned home last evening, as it was impossible to go east over the Northern Pacific.

Supreme Chancellor Blackwell, of the K. of P., of Kentucky; Brig.-Gen. H. A. Bigelow, of Seattle; Col. J. B. Metcalfe, Seattle, arrived in Victoria by the steamer George E. Starr this morning and are registered at the Victoria.

Perfect health is seldom found, for impure blood is so general. Hood's Sarsaparilla really does purify the blood and restores health.

MADAME STANFORD.

The Amiable Relict of the Late Senator

AND EXECUTRIX OF HIS VAST ESTATE

Expresses Her Views on the Fifteen Million Claim—She Believes it Only a Test Case—As for Resisting it Resistance Will be Her Battle Cry.

San Jose, Cal., June 6.—Mrs. Jane Lathrop Stanford, widow of the late Senator Leland Stanford, and executrix of his estate, was seen last evening and asked for her views of the fifteen million claim presented by the attorney-general of the United States against property now under her charge.

"I think this is only a test case," she said. "Of course others will be drawn into it. The burden of litigation cannot be thrown all on one estate or on one person."

Mrs. Stanford was asked if she intended to resist the claim as presented by the attorney-general.

"Of course I shall resist it to the fullest extent of my ability, but there is nothing to say in regard to the future course I shall pursue. Legal technicalities will be referred entirely to my attorneys."

LATE SEALING NEWS.

The Tacoma Brought Few Advices From Japanese Waters.

The Northern Pacific steamer Tacoma did not bring much news from the sealing fleet in Japanese waters. Very few vessels had been in port, all being at work on the sealing grounds. R. P. Rithet & Co. received a letter from their Yokohama correspondents saying that the Victoria schooner Maud S. had called in and discharged 883 skins, her catch up to an early date in May, and also that the schooner Dora Sieward had returned almost immediately after leaving, to get another cook. The latter gave no catches. E. B. Marvin & Co. received a short letter from Capt. J. G. Cox. He wrote that Capt. Edward Shields, of the schooner May Belle, had reached Hakodate in safety. The schooner May Belle had not up to the time of writing called into port or been spoken. There was a very heavy gale on May 14, but no disasters resulting from it had been reported. He also mentioned the Sieward and Maud S.

The Herald Mail summary gives the following:

The American schooner Bonanza arrived in port last night (11th May) and the captain reports that his crew of ten Japanese refused duty on the 7th of May. They were then put aft and he made for Yokohama.

Captain McLean reports that, on the 22nd of April he picked up two boats from the May Belle which had separated from the vessel four days previously. The hunters' names are R. Perrer and R. Cohn. The Bonanza had 1,085 seal skins. She sailed again on May 16.

The Edward B. Webster left Yokohama on May 11 for the sealing grounds. The British cruiser Caroline left Yokohama on May 11 for Behring sea, and the U. S. cruiser Concord followed on May 16. There was a rather vague rumor afloat to the effect that two other schooners had been wrecked but it was not mentioned in any of the letters received and cannot be given much credence.

As a result of a conference aboard H. M. S. Royal Arthur yesterday between Rear Admiral Stephenson and R. P. Rithet and Captain Hackett, owners of the schooners Favorite and Annie C. Moore, an order was made for the release of the three schooners ordered seized a few days ago. At the conference the situation was fully gone over and full explanations were made by both sides. The admiral stated that there would be no prosecution and shortly after 4 o'clock notified Collector Milne, who promptly withdrew his men from the schooners.

The explanations made at the conference relieved Capt. May from a rather peculiar position. Before he left for the north he told a delegation of owners that there would be no seizures, but that the vessels would be warned. This did not agree with his subsequent course, but it transpired yesterday that just as he was weighing anchor to sail later orders were received. These latter he followed.

There is another cloud on the sealing horizon. The American act alone makes provision for the collectors of customs sealing up arms, while no mention is made of it in the British act. Collector Milne has telegraphed to Minister Tupper for instructions. Unless some provision is made it is hard to say how the vessels are going to leave for the sea with any safety before July 31st.

THE ASSESSMENTS.

Court of Revision—Some Big Reductions Asked For.

The court of revision held another session this afternoon. Mr. Harris, of Lowenberg, Harris & Co., had the room to himself with the commissioners. He appealed from the assessment of the Five Sisters block. The valuation was $100,000; he asked $25,000 reduction. The appeals in the Douglas estate were not entertained, the only exception being in the case of a lot on Richardson street valued at $1300. The assessment was reduced to $1100. No appeals were allowed in the cases of the property of Hon. W. Hanley, Col. Haggard, S. B. Gillespie and the R. A. Gwynn estate. The court was in session at the hour of going to press.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

DUPUY'S CABINET.

The New Ministry of France Declares Its Intentions.

Paris, June 5.—The declaration of policy of the new Dupuy ministry was read to-day in both chambers. It says the ministry have accepted office from a sense of duty as patriots and republicans, adding:

"We hope that you will assist us in dealing with that trouble in the midst of which we have assumed office. We are determined to resolutely preserve public order and always secure a strict observation of the laws of the government. The government hopes you will actively assist in the democratic tasks, which should distinguish the present legislature, but it does not propose to add to the present programme before the house.

"We shall give the closest attention to the questions of old age pensions, and the practical conclusions of the committees on this subject does not need to become revolutionary in order to improve the lot of the working classes.

"The chief object of the legislation, however, will be the financial problem, as the fiscal reforms which are demanded urgently by the country cannot be postponed. In our opinion the fiscal reforms are the leading special reforms. Republicans may differ respecting methods, but considering the end to be attained we count upon the hearty co-operation on this task of all those who have faith in the work of the French revolution in the destiny of popular government.

"In regard to foreign policy we have it at heart to maintain the continuity of views and relations which in spite of political rivalry has enabled France to resume a place among the nations worthy of her name and history. Strong in your support and imbued like you with national sentiment, we shall always be watchful guardians of the interests of France and the vigorous defenders of her rights. (Cheers.)

"We shall always be devoted in our efforts to assist husbandry, and especially the vine-growers, whose grievances have elicited universal sympathy. The government has a great task before it, and we shall best satisfy the wishes of the country by resuming the normal course of deliberations."

In the senate the declaration of policy made by the new ministry was warmly cheered, and the chamber adjourned until Saturday.

FUTURE OF THE HORSE.

Changes Caused by the Introduction of Electricity.

There was a time when the wiry thoroughbred of English breeding, and perhaps the Arabian barb, were looked to as the surest means for improving the common stock of horse flesh. Consul-General Judd reports from Austria-Hungary that the American trotter is now the favorite breed in use for improving the native blood. If Austria-Hungary cannot do better than come to America for this purpose it argues well for the superiority of the trotter. As a beast of speed the distinctive trotter is an example of modern evolution. It is not many years since a speed of three minutes for a mile was reckoned good at a trotting gait. Now there is hardly a farmer's son in the country that does not own a colt that "can clip a mile in three minutes, and not turn a hair," at least so the young man says. A speed of two minutes is not only possible, but probable in the immediate future, and the time may not be far off when the American horse can trot alongside the best Derby runner.

With the constant inroads of machinery on the field of the horse's usefulness, a change is coming in the evolution of the animal. Already electricity supplants the old horse cars, and no one is sorry. One need have no sympathy for the over-burdened fluid on a hard grade. An electric van for parcel delivery is now working in London, and is said to be cheaper than horse-power. Promises have already been made by our inventors of electric ploughs, and feasible plans for freight and produce tramways across the country on roads hitherto traversed only by the aid of the horse or mule are suggested. The old-fashioned horse-power for running incidental machinery is giving place to the "coming power."

The coming power is to be less and less a beast of heavy burden. Many places there are where horses will continue to drag heavy loads of a necessity. The handsome draught horse is not yet entirely to be dispensed with. But pleasure driving will continue to give a motive for the improvement of the trotting horse. The bicycle takes the place of a few saddle horses, perhaps, but the majority of cyclers care for a horse just as much as before the silent steed came into being. Many of them own a wheel, who would not own a horse, but the wheel, even if built for two, is not so agreeable after all as holding the lines behind a glossy coated, lightly stepping horse. Electric motors for carriages are talked of, but they will be expensive for a long time yet, and with their possessor in somewhat advanced from the present stage a man even with a balky horse would be less helpless in case of accident.

The noble, intelligent horse will not be lost sight of in the advance of civilization. Relief from the heavier duties will leave the more energy for driving, of which every American citizen of means and leisure is fond. Whatever question there may be as to the morality or advantages of horse racing, the improvement of the trotter has made the animal more serviceable for the legitimate uses of man. If anyone believes that the interest in the horse is to give place before the inroads of electricity, let him attend some great "horse convention," and note the attention paid the splendid specimens of endurance and intelligence there on exhibition.—Boston Journal.

COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY.

A New Idea That is Attracting Attention in Paris.

Considerable attention is being paid in Paris to the new method originated by a member of the National Academy of France for photographing in colors, the [illegible] being pronounced from a scientific point of view, the most interesting ever invented in this line. Briefly, the operator lays upon a sheet of glass a very delicate, translucent film of chloride of silver, and against this film is placed a vessel containing mercury, so that the latter is in contact with the film. Thus arranged the glass sheet and mercury are placed in the camera like an ordinary sensitive plate, and, exposure being made, the image of the object to be photographed is projected upon the glass, the light conveying the image passes through the glass, on through the translucent film, and is reflected back by the mercury behind. The action of the light splits the silver in the film into thin layers, which breaks up the light rays into their component colors. As the play of colors in an opal is due to that gem being composed of layers of quartz superposed one on the other—these layers breaking up the light into different hues—a similar result follows the splitting of the layers of silver in the film, which, through the operation of a curious law, reproduces the tints of the object photographed.—New York Sun.

MATCH-MAKING MAMMAS

Are not always successful in making good matches. In this they differ from the E. B. EDDY CO., who make Good Matches every day—and even if a flare-up occurs at times and there is a smell of brimstone in the air, the interested persons are satisfied with ... ...

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

"Montserrat."

If you don't know what it is ask your grocer to give you the best **Lime Fruit Juice** that is made, and you are sure to find "Montserrat" on the bottle.

VOLCANIC BREATHINGS.

Remarkable Action of a Crater in the Island of Sumatra.

There are many mud volcanoes scattered throughout the world, but there are few whose action is so regular and so characteristic as that of Dempo, in the island of Sumatra. This marvelous volcano, about 10,00 feet in height, was visited recently by a correspondent who thus describes it: All was quiet and placid and I sat down awhile to take in the details of a scene so novel; a vast circular basin half a mile in diameter, with rock sides of sheer precipices, displaying at places horizontal strata, and at the bottom of this another small basin, some 200 feet in diameter, filled to with. in about thirty or forty feet of its rim with a smoking substance like burnished silver, reflecting the blue sky and every passing cloud.

We had sat thus for perhaps ten or twelve minutes when I noticed that the centre of the white basin had become intensely black, and was scored with dark streaks. This area gradually increased. By steady scrutiny with my glass, for it was difficult to make out what was silently and slowly taking place, I at last discovered that the blackness markedt he sides of a chasm that had formed in—what I now perceived the white burnished mirror to be—a lake of seething mud.

The blackness increased. The lake was being engulfed. A few minutes later a dull, sullen roar was heard and I had just time to conjecture within myself whence it proceeded when the whole lake heaved and rose in the air for some hundreds of feet, not as if violently ejected, but with a calm, majestic upheaval, and then fell back upon itself with an awesome roar which reverberated round and round the vast caldron and echoed from rock wall to rock wall like the surge of an angry sea; and the immense volume of steam let loose from its prison house dissipated itself into the air.

The wave circles died away on the margin of the lake, which resumed its burnished face and again reflected the blue sky; and silence reigned again until the geyser had gathered force for another expiration.

Thus all day long the lake was swallowed up and vomited forth once in every fifteen or twenty minutes. That it was not always so quiet even as now the stones on the Sawah and the scorine on the sides of the cone bore witness. Once in about every three years, the natives told me the crops of coffee, bananas, and rice were quite destroyed by "sulphur rain," which covered everything for miles round the crater.

Tears as a Medicine.

The Persians are the only people in the world that still adhere to the old custom of bottling tears. In that country it constitutes an important part in the funeral ceremonies performed over the dead. Each of the mourners is presented with a sponge with which to mop the face and eyes, and after the burial these are taken to a priest, who squeezes the tears into bottles. Mourners' tears are believed to be the most efficacious remedy that can be applied in several forms of Persian diseases. The custom of bottlining tears is mentioned in the Bible. See Psalm lvi., 8.—St. Louis Republic.

Perfect health is seldom found, for impure blood is so general. Hood's Sarsaparilla really does purify the blood and restores health.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

LIQUID OXYGEN.

Some More of Professor Dewar's Interesting Experiments.

By means of the intense cold produced in his experiments in liquefying gases, combined with an exhaustion not before attained, Professor Dewar has proved that mercury distills, as do phosphorus and sulphur, at the ordinary temperature when the vapor pressure is under the millionth of an atmosphere. The increasing indisposition shown by the chemical elements to combine with one another as the absolute zero is approaching was well illustrated in an experiment in which liquid oxygen was cooled to —200 degrees C. On inserting a glowing piece of wood into the vessel above the liquid it refused to burst into flame. Another interesting experiment was that of immersing an electric pile composed of carb and sodium into liquid oxygen; almost immediately the electric current ceased, in consequence of the suspension of chemical action. Absolute alcohol, run upon the surface of liquid air, after rolling about in the spheroidal state, suddenly solidifies into a hard transparent ice, which rattles on the sides of the vacuum test tube like marble. On lifting the solid alcohol out by means of a looped wire the application of the flame of a Bunsen burner will not ignite it. After a time the solid melts and falls from the looped wire like thick syrup.

American News.

Portsmouth, Ohio, June 5.—Two thousand miners are advancing on Waverly from Wellston to burn the Norfolk and Western bridge there; 4,000 are on their way to Kenova to blow up the Norfolk and Western bridges across the Ohio. The railroads have a large force of men at Kenova. A battle is looked for tonight.

San Francisco, June 5.—George Wychman, G. N. Thomas and Louis Greenwald, of the Emerald ring of smugglers, were each sentenced by U. S. District Judge Morrow this morning to six years' imprisonment at San Quentin and pay a fine of $6,000.

Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them." J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. Ask for Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LAMP MEDICINE CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-Ay

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 124

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
138 Government street.
Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. v12-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora E. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.

Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.

Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 80t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.

Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

TO THE PUBLIC.

It having been rumored that merchant tailoring firms in Victoria are employing Chinese labor in competition with white labor during these depressed times, we, the undersigned, after making a thorough investigation, are aware that the practice is not general, and we beg to inform the public that we do not and will not employ Chinese labor in the manufacture of our goods.

JOHN CALVERT,
W. D. KINNAIRD,
D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
J. T. BURROWES,
JAMES McCORKALL,
R. J. MATTHEWS,
JOHN McCALLUM, Broad St.
THOS. HOWELL,
THOMAS & GRANT,
J. W. CREIGHTON,
T. W. WALKER & CO,
S. POTTS.

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

THE H. & K.

Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 20 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS., VICTORIA, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL
Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
GEO. McL. BROWN, Victoria.
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. — S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	22	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	M 1	Lv	9 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
Washington, Portland, Or.

III First

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
O. A. NATTRASS,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. — ONLY SEVEN DAYS.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, June 9th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa....Thursday, June 28th, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Sydney mail.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
W. W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
H. E. CUMMINGS, Agent, Boston Block, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.
City of Puebla - - June 7
E. P. ROBERTS & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Lanner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 22 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 10

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday October 17th, 1893.

[illegible] on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 2 Pass. Wed. & Sundays.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 1 Pass. Wed. & Sundays.	No. 2 Pass. Daily.
Miles from Wellington.	Lv.	Lv.		Miles from Victoria.	Lv.	Lv.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ar.	Ar.		[illegible]	Ar.	Ar.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Genl Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's office, Wharf, foot Store Street.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen—The general election now being near at hand, and being a candidate for re-election, I wish to place my views on some of the questions commanding your attention, as well as to intimate the line of action which I shall take and the measures which I shall, if opportunity permits, support and maintain.

The party now in power have practically held office for over eleven years. Their policy has been an indefinite one on many of the questions requiring consideration. At the last general election the Opposition advocated reform in the land laws of the province, and have been able to make some important changes.

The privilege of allowing speculators and non-residents to take up large tracts of land has been taken away and the lands are now available for actual settlers.

By the efforts of the Opposition the assessment of the wild land has been much increased; the ad valorem principle of assessment according to the land value, is now the law.

There are two essential matters yet to be carried out in connection with the encouraging of agricultural settlers. First, the surveying of available lands for such a purpose and giving the necessary information by the Lands and Works Department; second, the making of roads to such settlements, so that the farmer may be able to bring his produce to market—such a policy as this must be adopted in order to develop and encourage the farming industry of our province. By so doing we shall add much to our wealth and prosperity.

The railway policy of the Government has not been a business-like one. From the time of the grant given to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway down to the Nakusp & Slocan deal, the interests of the province and the welfare of the people have not been well guarded. On the one hand a corporation receives a large subsidy and an immense tract of land, free from taxation for ever; on the other, a private company is subsidized by guaranteeing the bonds to the full cost of the road as well as interest on the same for twenty-five years. One cannot but come to the conclusion that a Government policy of such character is likely to bring the credit of the province into disrepute.

Monopolies of any kind are to be deplored, but monopolies backed by Government aid and support are often the most difficult to overcome. Government aid to such an extent as has been given in the instances referred to, precludes other roads from being assisted or built. As an instance of this we recognise the difficulty the British Pacific Railway will have in dealing with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway and its existing rights. Thus by the action of the present Government in the past it looks as if the province were at the mercy of ringsters who are despoiling the people of their heritage.

I am opposed to the executive using its power to make large appropriations of money by special warrant for roads, streets, bridges, and public works, without first submitting such to the legislature. Such a course of action leads to favoritism and corruption and is not in accord with the principles of constitutional government.

I have advocated, and will continue to do so, the reduction of taxation on improvements and the abolition of taxes on mortgages. The latter impost presses doubly hard upon the borrower, and the repeal of this law would be in the interest and for the advancement of the province.

The practice followed on the eve of a general election of promising aid to public works and institutions by members of the executive should be condemned, as it is attempting to bribe the electors with their own money. The independent electors should answer this by sending men to the Legislature who will do their utmost to remove such ministers from power.

During the past four years legislation has been brought about, chiefly by the Opposition, in reforming the School Law. The residents of the cities have now greater power over the management of their schools, and more is yet desired in this particular. I shall use my best endeavors to bring this about, so that our schools may be free of all political influences.

I have also advocated further restriction on Chinese immigration and the employment of Chinese by any company seeking charters or grants from the Legislature. I have advocated and still maintain that a clause should be inserted in all bills giving such privileges or aid to prevent the employment of this class of labor.

I also have advocated the necessity of employing residents of the province instead of non-residents or foreigners in the prosecution of all works or contracts let by the government.

It is impossible in an address of this kind to touch on all questions affecting the province. I hope, however, before long to have the opportunity of addressing the electors in public meeting, at which time I will refer to matters more extensively.

Hoping that my past record as a representative in the Local Legislature has been acceptable to you, I again seek your votes and support.

I remain, yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen—As a candidate in the coming contest for legislative honors, and particularly as a labor candidate, I take this method of expressing some of the views I hold relating to the good government of the province.

I believe that heretofore, although workingmen have assisted largely in electing representatives to the legislature and parliament, their interests have not, generally speaking, been advanced or guarded; but on the contrary laws have been enacted whereby the greater burden of taxation has been placed upon the shoulders of the workingman, and monopolies have been fostered to the detriment of their interests and the country at large. Too many professional men and capitalists have made or influenced the making of our laws, and I believe that a remedy may be applied by workingmen being represented in the councils of the country by workingmen, trade union men who are not only in sympathy with them, but who are in touch with their necessities.

I believe that every man is entitled to an equitable share of what his labor produces; also that enterprise and ability to organize and direct labor to the accomplishment of large undertakings deserves special consideration, but not to the extent that it is often accorded by the governments of the present day.

I would advocate a reduction in the hours of labor, and consider an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government work.

Also the establishment of a provincial labor bureau for the purpose of gathering reliable information on the labor situation, so that intending immigrants may be made fully acquainted with the true state of the labor market in the province.

I believe that as a class the Chinese are injurious to the province, as they undoubtedly ridicule our religion and laws; introduce loathsome diseases and demoralizing habits; they trade exclusively among themselves and send what wealth they may acquire from our province to enrich their own empire. I believe the government should make every effort to lessen the evil which is the result of the presence of Coolie labor, and in the absence of laws similar to those in force in Australia, our government should, when granting privileges to companies and corporations, insist on a clause in the charters granted prohibiting the employment of Asiatic labor by such corporations or companies.

I advocate a liberal railway policy, feeling sure that we must have these most important highways to assist in developing the many latent resources of the province, but am opposed to the granting of monopolies in land for speculative purposes to companies to the extinction of settlers.

I also believe that all religious questions should be kept out of our schools, being confident that the numerous religious institutions are quite capable of dealing with that matter.

I will more fully express my views on these questions at public meetings to be held. Hoping you can see your way clear to give me your support at the polls, I am,

Yours respectfully,

ARTHUR H. DUTTON.

CUTTING OUT A CATARACT.

The Operation Which Mr. Gladstone Has Had to Go Through.

The operation for cataract was performed upon Mr. Gladstone at the residence of Lord Rendel, in London, last Thursday morning by Drs. Nettleship and Habershon, says the New York World. It was completely successful, and the aged statesman, who was cheerful during the performance of the work, has since been receiving the congratulations of his friends, among whom was the American ambassador. This operation which Mr. Gladstone has just undergone represents one of the highest triumphs of surgery. It requires a precision and delicacy of touch which no other operation calls for, and it necessitates the employment of instruments so fine that a hair's breadth differentiates one from the other.

Of all human organs the eye in its structure and functions is the most wonderful as well as the most delicate. Within the compass of less than an inch this organ embodies tissues which enable the mind to see and a lens which adjusts itself to every focus by an instinctive and unconscious process. The only result of the operation for cataract which Mr. Gladstone has just undergone, and which is performed every week in this city, is the loss of this little lens in the eye. That loss will now be supplied by eye-glasses of varying strength, but they are clumsy and awkward compared with the marvelously perfect lens which nature puts into the eye of every man.

Although the lens is imbedded deep in the eye, it has nothing whatever to do with the delicate adjustment of sensitive nerves less than an inch away that enable a man to see. The faculties of sight are not at all impaired or in any way affected by the operation for cataract, although the latter involves very deep cutting into the eye and the removal of one of the parts which go to make it a perfect seeing organ.

The operation upon Mr. Gladstone was performed at 9 a.m., and did not take longer than 15 minutes. There have been many occasions when the operation for cataract has been performed twice upon the same person in less than an hour when both eyes were affected. In very old people a cataract in one eye is generally followed by a cataract in the other. Oculists in this city now believe that Mr. Gladstone will again have to undergo this operation, and perhaps he may do so within a month.

The operation for cataract has become almost painless since the introduction of cocaine, and no anesthetic was used in the case of Mr. Gladstone. The greatest inconvenience of the patient, however, comes from the inforced incarceration in a dark room for several weeks following the operation. This is to enable the tissues of the eye to heal before any work is thrown upon that organ. The light is gradually let into the darkened room, and the patient, at the end of about three weeks, is released fully cured.

It would be almost impossible for anyone but an experienced oculist to tell that the eye had been operated upon. It is apparently natural and unimpaired in every respect, being full and round, of good color, and exactly like its fellow. Similarly it is very difficult to detect the presence of a cataract in the eye for any non-professional. Many people think they can tell when a man has a cataract, and that they can pick out the victims of this disease when walking along the streets. Oculists know that this is a fallacy, and what is regarded as a cataract is not that at all, but some other affection of the eye. A curious thing about this disease is that it is not confined to human beings, and that cataracts are frequently found in the eyes of animals.

Another curious fact about the cataract is that no one knows what causes it. The men of science have not failed to advance theories and speculation as to the cause of the disease, but there is no unanimity of opinion among them on this subject. Attempts have also been made to cure the cataract without resort to the knife, but these are regarded as unsuccessful, and the surgical and scientific world agrees that an operation—which is the last resort of science—is in every case necessary.

In performing the operation it is necessary that the eye should be kept immovable. The patient could not do this himself. The oculist first inserts a speculum, which keeps the eyelids far apart and the eye wide open. The patient might, however, move his eye with the speculum in place. This is prevented by the use of a forceps, which grasps the skin of the eye below the eyeball and holds it firmly. This is generally held by the assistant of the operator. Another assistant holds a large magnifying glass, which concentrates the light on the eye and illuminates its interior.

The patient always undergoes the operation after having a rest. That is the reason the operation on Mr. Gladstone was performed early in the morning. This is the time of day invariably selected by oculists, because the patient is fresh from his bed and thoroughly rested. Oculists also prefer to perform the operation by artificial light, which seems to be softer and more congenial to the eye than the light of day.

RACING OCEAN GREYHOUNDS.

That Great Contest of Speed Between the Majestic and Paris.

The race across the Atlantic between the White Star line steamship Majestic and the American liner Paris has attracted much attention among ocean travellers and seafaring men. All day Friday the greatest excitement reigned on board the Majestic. Everybody was discussing and speculating upon the result of the race, and a number of bets, involving considerable amounts, were made among the saloon passengers. The excitement reached fever heat at daybreak on Saturday, when, according to Mr. Widnes, only half a mile divided the two vessels. The Majestic continued to gain upon her rival, and at noon, according to the gentleman mentioned, the two steamships were nearly abreast. The rest of the story had better be told in the words of Mr. Widnes. He said: "I then went below, and suddenly heard a loud noise of hissing steam. I rushed to the deck, and found that the steam was allowed to escape, as the captain had ordered the engineer to stop the engines, owing to the fact that the Paris had altered her course, and crossed our bows so closely that, in my opinion, had Captain Parsell not stopped the engines the Majestic would undoubtedly have run into the Paris. The vessels then parted, the Majestic keeping to the north, while the Paris went more to the south until she had entirely vanished." Mr. Widnes concluded by remarking: "My fellow passengers were indignant at the foolish and dangerous action of the captain of the Paris in steering first to the north and then to the southwards, when $5,000,000 worth of property and 2,400 souls were at stake."

The captain of the Paris made a statement shortly after the vessel's arrival at Southampton this evening regarding the race with the Majestic. It differs materially from the story told by Mr. Widnes, a passenger on the Majestic, with reference to the bow-crossing incident. Captain Baudle said: "Soon after leaving New York the Majestic hove in sight, a considerable distance astern. The Paris maintained her lead until Saturday, when, owing to a delay caused by a change of stokers, the White Star boat succeeded in overhauling the Paris, and crossed her bows from port to starboard. This happened between five and six o'clock on Saturday morning. The Majestic steamed along about half a mile distant on the starboard side. The Paris gradually forged ahead, keeping about the same distance to port. The captain of the Majestic, finding his vessel dropping astern, slowed down his engines, and crossed under the stern of the Paris, receiving her backwash. He then proceeded on his course, ending a three days' exciting race."

There is a singular similarity in the statements of the passengers of the Majestic. It appears from them that the Paris crossed from her own southerly route in a northerly direction and afterwards turned from north to south to regain her own track. Many of the Majestic's passengers aver that this was done within a distance of five hundred yards of the Majestic. It is not alleged that there was anything like a set race. The passengers, though highly indignant and blaming the captain of the Paris, do not assert that there was any wrongdoing or illegal action on his part, but they declare that there was a piece of unjustifiable bravado perpetrated which, under other circumstances, might have had serious consequences. A saloon passenger says: "We gradually drew up on the Paris, and we got abreast of her, when the Paris dropped behind, went astern of us and came up on the port side. She kept creeping up until midday of Saturday, and twice forced us out of our course. She got so near that we could read her name without glasses, and our captain slowed up to let her pass."

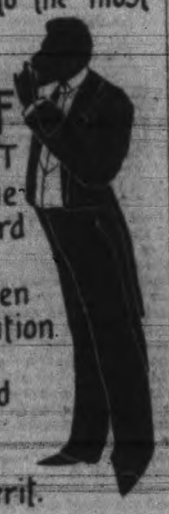
The Rev. Mr. Hill, of Montreal, says: "The captain of the Paris signalled to our captain that he wished to cross our bows. We slowed up and she passed about 200 yards in front of us. What might have occurred was shown by the fact that fog descended so suddenly and was so dense that both vessels had recourse to foghorns."

Another passenger said it was painful to contemplate what might have happened had the fog come a little earlier.

The mails brought by the Majestic arrived in London at 10.50 o'clock, and those brought by the Majestic at 11.20 o'clock on the same day. Both batches were delivered in the morning.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Appealing to the most critical tastes



MASTIFF PLUG CUT has become the standard smoking tobacco, even in competition with long established brands of recognized merit.

J. B. PAGE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. Annual Sales Exceed 20 Million Pounds. If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to MENIER, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from inactive bowels or torpid liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist for Them.

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

—IS—

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

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The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap15-td

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To let a house
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To sell anything

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7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

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VETERINARY SURGEON,
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ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. 1e22tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng., has come to reside in Victoria, and has opened an office at 94 Pandora street. He has for twenty-five years been engaged in general family and obstetric practice, with considerable experience in diseases of children. He will give special attention to diseases of the chest and stomach. Dr. Williams had several years' practical experience in one of the largest hospitals in London and is a Doctor of Medicine of the University of Aberdeen, Scotland. He has been for many years a member of the Pathological Society, a member of the British Homoeopathic Society and a Fellow of the British Gynaecological Society. He has thus had extensive experience in both the old and new systems of medical treatment.
Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora St., city. Telephone No. 153. m12-1m

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Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 80 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. 1013

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fagard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. 1918

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fagard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
J. A. BROWN, Secretary. 1918

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 126, R.R.S. Regular convocations will be held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights of Pythias are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER, K. of R. S. 2008

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the 2nd Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

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Surgeon Dentist,
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THE
Bank Exchange

I beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have enlarged and entirely renovated the above-named well-known resort, and can now justly term it the coolest and most attractive establishment on the coast. A competent Chef has charge of the kitchen and restaurant, which will be conducted on the German style. The new heating apparatus enables me to serve Merchants' luncheon always hot from 11:30 a.m. till 2:30 p.m., and all night after 6 p.m. at 15 cents.
Bill of fare for luncheon includes Soup, Fish, Roast, Stew, and various vegetables, as per daily bulletin board.
Table d'hote from 6 p.m. at 50 cents, including beer or wine. Meals a la carte at all hours day or night.
Three handsome, quiet dining-rooms upstairs, suitable for private and family dinners, served at short notice and reasonable prices.
Direct importer of German Rhine Wines, French and California Clarets, Champagnes, Hollands, Kümmel, Bavarian, Carlsruher, Danish and Swedish Beer, etc.
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G. C. SAUER.
may22-tf

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FOR SALE—The staunch little schooner Hesperus, register 29 tons. Apply Wm. Turpel's shipyard. j2-1m

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FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. e20-tf

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ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

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Allan Line, Laurentian	June 13
Dominion Line, Toronto	June 9
Dominion Line, Vancouver	June 16
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	June 13
Beaver Line, Lake Nipigon	June 20

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania	June 16
Cunard Line, Etruria	June 23
White Star Line, Majestic	June 13
White Star Line, Germanic	June 20
American Line, Berlin	June 13
American Line, New York	June 20
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Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Allen	June 16
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The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JNO. IRVING,
Manager.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly, by combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.
All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing
JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.
je1-tf-d&w

JANITORS.

Applications for the positions of Janitor of the North and South Ward Schools will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 13th June, 1894.
A list of duties in connection with the above positions can be seen at 46 Fort street.
By order
B. WILLIAMS,
Sec. Victoria City Board of School Trustees.

Derby Plug The Coolest And Most Enjoyable Smoke Ever Produced.

THE DAILY TIMES

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The Daily Times.

THE SEALERS.

A few days ago the sealing schooners Triumph, Favorite and Annie C. Moore were formally seized and placed in charge of customs officers, with the full expectation that this formality would be followed up by prosecution in the vice-admiralty court. All this was in continuation of the line of proceeding taken by Captain May of the Hyacinth, whose action in regard to the three vessels was interpreted as seizure, thought it was supposed at the time that the vessels were held entitled to a warning before stringent measures were taken against them. Then came the case of the schooner Minnie, which only a few days ago was found by the U. S. war vessel Adams in the act of taking seals. Though this happened weeks after the other schooners were "seized" by the Hyacinth, the Minnie was simply warned and ordered home. The contrast shown by the harshness of the British authorities and the leniency of the American patrol vessel might well take the sealers' breath away, since the discussion on the regulations had led them to expect that the two parties would have taken very different courses. Now from some unexplained cause the release of the three schooners is ordered by the admiral, and thus the confession is implied that they were wrongfully seized. If the British authorities had been guided by equity and common sense they would have acknowledged the right of the sealers to a warning that the regulations were in force, since the ratifying legislation was enacted long after their departure from port. It tends to make a British subject feel ashamed that the American government should have been left to show the part of good sense and humanity in this matter. But, after all, the stupid blunders perpetrated at Ottawa and London from the first leaves little cause for surprise at this latest exhibition of incapacity. It would be too much to hope that in the future more intelligence will be exercised, and that sealers will be held as well entitled to equitable treatment as all other classes of the community.

THE MAILS.

The delayed mails for the east and England are to be sent away via San Francisco to-morrow evening, the southern route being the only one now to be depended upon. This is the correct course to be taken with regard to the outgoing mail, and it is difficult to see why a similar plan should not be followed in connection with the mails from the east, which are now piling up at some point on the other side of the Rockies. It will apparently be a matter of weeks—perhaps a month—to bring them through by the Canadian Pacific, which is paralyzed at several points. The P. O. department should understand the situation well enough to know that there is no use in dispatching mails by the usual route, with little prospect of their reaching the coast for weeks to come. While any other line is available it should be made use of instead of depriving the people on the coast of all mail facilities for an indefinite period.

THE PREMIER'S TOUR.

The Vancouver World says: "It is reported that Premier Davie may not be able to return from his trip to the interior for a couple of weeks at least. Where he and others who are eastbound are now it is difficult to tell. He intended reaching Kamloops to-day some time in order to attend the assizes; thence he goes to Donald, Nelson, Vernon and Clinton, in each of which places a court of assize is to be held. Whilst in the city on his way up the line he dropped a hint or two regarding the extension of relief to the Fraser river settlers as well as to other similarly circumstanced in other portions of the province, and that it was quite within the range of possibilities that a special session of the legislature would be convened at an early date after the elections to consider the best recourse to be taken in the matter." There is some interest in this hint of a special session, and the peculiar combination of Reds, politics and racing is worthy of note. It is not often a premier gets a chance of trying to build up his political fortunes on relief measures. Seldom is it, also, that an attorney-general can combine a campaign tour and an assize circuit, travelling at the expense of the public while pursuing his work on the "stump." British Columbia is a great province.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

In the World it is stated that "Messrs. Sword and Kitchen have returned from the interior. They do not consider matters east of the Cascades as at all favorable for the opposition candidates. The outlook there, they say, is not favorable for the party whose cause they went east to bolster up." Of course Messrs. Sword and Kitchen made no such statement. It is rather remarkable that the government organs should take pains to discredit their own political intelligence in this fashion. The World's readers must see that no dependence is to be placed on its statements when it wilfully misrepresents the facts.

We are rather pleased to see the Colonist moralizing over the case of Mr. Mundella, who was obliged to resign his seat in the British government, because he was connected with the New Zealand Loan Company, though he was not responsible for its shady transactions. Our neighbor quotes approvingly this sentiment from the London Times: "Any man may sell his name for what he can get, but no man ought to be allowed to sell that portion of his country's good name which is confided to his keeping when he takes office, or even when he takes a seat in parliament." What would certain British Columbian and Dominion "statesmen" do if they had this standard fixed for them?

Halifax Chronicle: The government is certainly displaying marvellous incapacity and astonishing want of appreciation of what is due to the business interests of the country. Never before in the history of Canada, not even when the national policy was adopted, has the speculation of the tariff been accompanied with such flagrant disregard of the business interests of the country and such indecent log-rolling in the interests of a few greedy, grasping, tariff-bred, tariff-fed industries. More clearly than ever before has it been demonstrated that the government and its pliant majority in the house of commons are hopelessly and helplessly in the grip and control of the great combines which have grown up under the fostering aegis of the national policy, and which, so long as their own selfish interests are served, evince a contemptuous disregard for the rights and business interests of the great majority of the people. How long do the people propose to allow such a humiliating and unprofitable condition of affairs to prevail?

CLANDENNING V. McLAGAN.

The Editor Assaulted by the Contractor on the Street.

The campaign is becoming rather warm in Vancouver, to judge by an occurrence of last Saturday evening, of which the World gives the following account:

"Were anything necessary to demonstrate the utter untruthfulness and unreliability of the morning paper it will be found in its report, in the Sabbath issue, of the brutal assault made on the manager of this paper on Saturday evening. The offensive epithet said to have been applied to the assailant was never used, nor any other word or words to cause such unprovoked attack. The reference to the incident is a tissue of falsehoods from first to last. It is, however, but another illustration of the old adage, "Like father, like son." Mr. McLagan was standing at the entrance to the government committee room, discussing with Mayor Anderson, ex-Mayor Oppenheimer and others the high water and the fearful ravages it was committing. He heard William Tierney and James Clandenning discussing matters relating to road construction in early days, and the latter observed that if the government had but expended the money appropriated for the legislative buildings in dyking works the results would be more beneficial to the country. Having already ascertained Mr. Tierney's views on the subject, Mr. McLagan advanced towards these gentlemen, with the intention of asking Mr. Clandenning—knowing him to be an experienced contractor—if he thought it possible to construct dykes or breastworks that would withstand such high water as at present prevails. The same question had been asked Mr. D. McGillivray and others, both here and in New Westminster, and answered in the frankest and most gentlemanly manner. Mr. McLagan, as all who were eye-witnesses to the incident will attest, said: "Mr. Clandenning, I want to ask you——" This was as far as he had proceeded when a lounge was made at his face by Mr. Clandenning, with an oath and the expression, "You are the man I have been looking for." The full force of the intended blow was evaded, but it hit Mr. McLagan on the chin, causing him, a comparatively old man, to stagger slightly. Then he heard the enraged pugilist shouting, "You d—d son of a ——," language such as is only used in the slums. No attempt was made to resent the cowardly assault, beyond asking the protection of a policeman from further injury. These are the naked, unvarnished facts connected with the affair, and which would not have been mentioned had it not been for the wilfully misleading version of the affair published in the morning paper, and given, no doubt, with a view to make it appear that the assault was provoked and justifiable."

With reference to the same matter the following appears in the News-Advertiser of yesterday:

Mr. James Clandenning was the recipient of the following letter yesterday from Messrs. Harris & MacNeill, solicitors, of this city:

James Clandenning, Esq., Contractor, etc., city:

Dear Sir,—Mr. J. C. McLagan has consulted us concerning an assault committed by you upon him on Saturday last, the 2nd June, instant. Though Mr. McLagan is unwilling to prosecute you, he cannot allow the matter to pass unnoticed. We are therefore instructed to inform you that if an expression of regret for your conduct on the occasion referred to is made to Mr. McLagan before to-morrow, June 5th, at 3 p.m., no further action will be taken in the matter.

Yours truly,
HARRIS & MACNEILL.

Mr. Clandenning, like all good citizens, has no desire to be mixed up in a street row, and consequently regrets that he had to resort to such measures. He has requested the News-Advertiser to publish the following:

J. C. McLagan, Esq., the World, Vancouver:

Dear Sir,—I regret very much what took place on Saturday, and I assure you it pained me deeply to have to chastise you for publishing falsehoods in the World newspaper about me. I also deeply regret that owing to the crowd I could not give you what I would have liked to.

Yours truly,
JAS. CLANDENNING.

NATURE'S BAROMETERS.

The Oldest Forms Were the Leeches and the toads in the Bottle.

Two of the oldest and oddest forms of popular barometers, says a writer in the London Spectator, are the leech in a bottle and a frog on a ladder. Mr. Richard Inwards has seen an old Spanish drawing of nine positions of the leech, with verses describing its attitude and behavior before different kinds of weather. Dr. Merryweather of Whitby contrived an apparatus by which one of the twelve leeches confined in bottles, rang a bell when a tempest was expected. When leeches were kept in every chemist's shop, and often in private houses their behavior was the subject of constant observation, and it was generally noticed that in still weather, dry or wet, they remained at the bottom, but rose, often as much as 24 hours in advance, before a change; and in case of a thunderstorm, rose very quickly to the surface, descending when it was past. The frog barometer, used in Germany and Switzerland, is a very simple apparatus, consisting of a jar of water, a frog and a little wooden step-ladder. If the frog comes out and sits on the steps, rain is expected. The weather glass dearest to the old-fashioned cottage in the last generation was the "old man and old woman," who came out of their rough-cast cottage in foul or fair weather respectively. This was almost the earliest of storm-prediction toys, and depended on the contracting of a piece of catgut fastened to a lever. The belief that bees will not fly before a shower is probably true, and is the rational origin of the banging of trays and iron pots with a door key when bees are going to swarm. The insects are supposed to take this for thunder, and so settle close at hand, instead of swarming at a distance. Squirting water on them with a garden syringe often makes them settle at once. But no such ingenious process of rationalizing can be found for the belief that if the insect inside cuckoo-spit lies head upward, the summer will be dry, though the increased worrying of horses by flies before rain, and the rise of the gossamer before fine weather, are abundantly confirmed by observation.—Popular Science Monthly.

SYMPATHETIC INKS.

Various Devices for Writing Invisible Letters.

Sympathetic or secret ink may be defined as "any liquid with which we may write invisible letters that will not appear until some agent is employed to give them colour." There are several varieties, requiring different treatment—one merely needing exposure to the air; another, to fire; a third, the application of a certain vapour; and so on. Ovid, in his "Art of Love," teaches young woman to deceive their guardians by writing their love-letters with new milk, and to make the writing appear by rubbing coal-dust over the paper. Any thick and viscous fluid, such as the glutinous and colorless juices of plants, added by any coloured powder, will answer the purpose equally well. A quill pen should be used. The most common method is to pen an epistle in ordinary ink, interlined with the invisible words, which, doubtless, has given rise to the expression "reading between the lines" in order to discover the true meaning of a communication.

Letters writing with a solution of gold, silver, copper, tin or mercury dissolved in aqua-fortis, or, simpler still, of iron or lead in vinegar, with water added until the liquor does not stain a white paper, will remain invisible for two or three months if kept shut up in the dark; but, on exposure for some hours to the open air, will gradually acquire colour, or will do so instantly on being held before the fire. Each of these solutions gives its own peculiar colour to the writing—gold, a deep violet; silver, slate; lead and copper, brown, but all possess this common disadvantage—that in time they eat away the paper, leaving the letters in the form of perforations. There is a vast number of other solutions that become visible on exposure to heat, or on having a heated iron passed over them; the explanation being that the matter is readily burnt to a sort of charcoal, simplest among which we may mention lemon juice of milk; but the one that produces the best result is made by dissolving a scruple of sal-ammoniac in two ounces of water.

Writing with rice-water, to be rendered visible by the application of iodine, was practised successfully in the correspondence with Pelalabad in the first Afgan war. The letter was concealed in a quill. On opening it a small paper was unfolded, on which appeared the single word "Iodine." The magic liquid was applied, and therewith appeared an important dispatch from Sir Robert Sale.

In the course of a trial in France last year a letter was read from a man named Turpin, a convict, under sentence of five years' imprisonment as a spy, giving directions to a friend with a view to establishing a secret correspondence with him while in prison. This led to an official inquiry on the subject by the French authorities, and some strange revelations were obtained from some of the convicts. It appears that when information has to be conveyed to a prisoner a formal letter, containing apparently nothing but a few trivial facts of a personal nature, is forwarded to the prison. This is read by the governor, who stamps it, and allows it to be handed on to the man to whom it is addressed. The latter, however, is aware that their is another letter to be read within the lines, this being written in milk, and being easily decipherable on being rubbed over with a dirty finger.

Perhaps the most dangerous of its kind is one that was described in a French scientific journal at the begining of 1883, at least it might prove so in unscrupulous hands. It consists of an aqueous solution of iodide of starch. In four weeks characters written with it disappear, preventing all use or abuse of letters, and doing away with all the documentary evidence of any kind in the hands of the recipient. But a recent discovery by Prof. Braylants of the University of Louvain surpasses all, inasmuch as no ink at all is required, in order to convey a secret message. He lays several sheets of notepeper on each other, and writes on the uppermost with a pencil; then selects one of the under sheets on which no marks of the writing are visible. On exposing this sheet to the vapour of iodine for a few minutes it turns yellowish, and the writing appears of a violet-brown colour. On further moistening the paper it turns blue, and the letters show in violet lines. The explanation is that note-paper contains starch, which, under pressure, becomes hydramite, and turns blue in the iodine fumes. It is best to write on a hard desk, say a pane of glass. Sulphurious acid gas can make the writing disappear again, and it can be revived a second time.

By dissolving zaffre in aqua regia, by which is obtained the chloride of cobalt, we get a secret ink by means of which pretty scenic effects may be produced. It was thus described many years ago by Macquer, known as the author of the "Chemical Dictionary":—"This ink may be applied to the drawing of landscapes, in which the earth and trees destitute of verdure, being drawn with common ink, give a prospect of winter; and which may be made to assume the appearance of spring by exposure to a gentle heat, which covers the trees with leaves and the earth with grass, by rendering visible those parts of the landscape which are drawn with this sympathetic ink; and as the solution of regulus of cobalt or zaffre in spirit of nitre acquires a reddish colour by the application of heat, the red solution might be contrived to represent the fruits and flowers.—Chambers' Journal.

DULY DEDICATED.

S. Mary's Anglican Church, Salt Spring Island, Opened.

Burgoyne Bay, June 4.—Bishop Perrin visited Salt Spring island on Friday. On Sunday he dedicated the new Episcopal church which has just been erected at Burgoyne Bay. Notwithstanding the heavy rain there was a good congregation. The service included matins, dedication, confirmation and the celebration of the holy communion. The bishop preached the sermon from a portion of the gospel for the day, "Come, for all things are now ready." He was assisted by the Rev. J. B. Hanham, from Victoria, and the Rev. E. Wilson, incumbent of Salt Spring. A. W. Cook presided at the harmonium.

The church is situated at the head of Fulford harbor, occupying a very pretty site, and is quite an addition to the settlement. Great credit is due to Fred Raines, the contractor, for the manner in which he carried out the work.

The valley now has three churches, Roman Catholic, Methodist and the new Anglican church, which has been named St. Mary's.

In the afternoon the bishop drove to Ganges harbor to hold evening service there, from whence he returns by rail via Chemainus to town on Monday.

Millinery, Millinery.
The reduced prices placed on all the straw hats both trimmed and untrimmed, cannot fail to impress every lady that Partridge, 86 Yates street, is determined to clear them out regardless of cost.

Boils, abscesses, tumors, and even cancers, are the result of a natural effort of the system to expel the poisons which the liver and kidneys have failed to remove. Ayer's Sarsaparilla stimulates all the organs to a proper performance of their functions.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.
Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

Special Line of Plain Wall Paper at MELLOR'S, FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS.

Hire's Root Beer

One Package makes five gallons of a delicious beverage.

25 Cents a Package.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10c. 101 Douglas street. *

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—This week 25 cents will buy a 50 cent hat at Partridge's, 80 Yates street.

—The talk of the city is the K. of P. excursion to Nanaimo on Sunday, June 17th.

—The Arion club has decided to donate the proceeds of its recent concert to the sufferers by the flood.

—The Kamloops assizes have been postponed for six weeks owing to the interruption to travel.

—B. C. B. G. A. band will be in attendance on the K. of P. excursion to Nanaimo on Sunday, June 17th. *

—The newly-formed local union of Christian Endeavor will hold its first meeting in teh Y. M. C. A. this evening.

—Sale of work by the ladies of Central Presbyterian church this afternoon and social and promenade concert in the evening.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weller Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—We are always adding to our already enormous stock, the latest acquisitions being oil cloths, linoleums, cork carpet, chenille table covers and curtains. (Weller Bros.)

—The Victoria Wheelmen is the name of the new cycling club of this city. Rules and regulations were adopted at a meeting held last night. The club has already a membership of 40.

—A special service for the induction of Rev. J. B. Haslam will be held at St. Barnabas church to-morrow night at 8 o'clock. The clergy of the other city churches will be present.

—The Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church has elected the following officers: W. C. Wilson, president; Miss M. A. Wilson, vice-president; Miss Gill, secretary, and D. A. Fraser, treasurer.

—Sunday Bishop Perrin dedicated a new Anglican church at Fulford harbor. Rev. J. B. Haslam and Rev. E. F. Wilson assisted. Bishop Perrin administered the rite of confirmation to several. Monday the bishop was given a reception at Vesuvius Bay and later he went to Kuper Island.

—J. B. McKilligan, collector of voters for Victoria, has favored us with an early copy of the new voters' list for this city. Mr. McKilligan's duties have been faithfully performed, and the list is as nearly perfect as it is possible to make it. There are 4677 names, and a supplementary list will bring the total to about 4800.

—The mails for eastern Canada, England, etc., will be despatched via San Francisco to-morrow evening. They will close at 7:30, to be in time for the steamer. Mails from the east are collecting at Calgary or some point in its vicinity, and no one knows when they will get through. The outgoing mails are to be sent by way of San Francisco until ordered otherwise.

—The Refuge Home committee thankfully acknowledge donations to the Home during January, February, March, April and May from the following friends: Daughters of St. George, Mrs. D. Spencer, Mrs. Hart, Mrs. Humber, Miss Field, Mrs. Nubigan, Messrs. Erskine & Wall, Mrs. J. Fell, a friend, Mrs. McIntosh, Mrs. Howis, Mrs. McNaughton, Mrs. Gould, Mrs. Gill, Mrs. Newmans, Hebrew Ladies, Mrs. Shakespeare, Mrs. Hartney, Mr. Gifford, Miss Ramsdell.

—St. Barnabas church sale of work began this afternoon at two o'clock. There was a good attendance and sales were rapid. A concert will be given to-night. The programme is as follows: Pianoforte solo, Miss Hiscocks; duet, Misses Whittaker; song, J. G. Brown; recitation, Miss Lillie Turner; song, Mr. Lewis; selection, Prof. Wicken's band; song, Miss Alice King; song, Mr. Keith; song, Mr. Godson; song in character, Misses Cohen and Aaronson; song, Mr. Brown.

—The following donations were received at the Protestant Orphans' Home during May: Flower seeds, Mrs. Jaskson; milk (daily), three granite iron milk pans and one large tin pan, Mrs. Knowles; magazines, Miss Ramsdale; milk, Mrs. Ross; cakes, Young Ladies' Institute; dripping, The Hall; soda crackers, ginger snaps, fancy biscuits, apples, sugar, apple cider, raspberry, butter, Queen's birthday reception committee; grass clippers, Mr. Kent; cakes, ladies of the Baptist church; clothing, Mrs. Christie.

—Grass catchers for lawn mowers at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—These warm days a derby hat is felt. Buy one of Partridge's straws. *

—The association of No. 1 company, B. C. B. G. A., will shortly give a picnic and dance.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street. *

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. *

—To-morrow afternoon there will be held the usual W. C. T. U. meeting in Temperance hall. A Bible reading on the secret of happiness will be given.

—The K. of P. will run an excursion train to Nanaimo on decoration Sunday, June 17th. Tickets, $1.50 for return trip. *

—There is to be a rifle association formed in the B. C. B. G. A., and a meeting to consider the matter will be held on Thursday night.

—A drunk is the sole occupant of the police cells. He imbibed too freely and fell asleep on some steps on Government street, whence he was assisted by Chief Sheppard.

—Mikado company dance to-morrow night promises to be a great success. Tickets may be had at the door of Institute Hall or from any of the members of the company.

—H. M. S. Royal Arthur will coal ship on Friday, taking in all about 800 tons. She is to be at Vancouver for Dominion day, and will leave Esquimalt about the 28th of June.

—The report from Carmanah this morning was as follows: Bar., 29.93; temp., 56. Light southwest wind. Quadra about twenty miles west; will leave here about 2 p.m.

—There were two vagrants in the police court this morning. Robert Donaldson was remanded until Thursday. Jno. Turner was convicted to come up for sentence when called upon.

—A man named Williams, of the Esquimalt road, will appear in the provincial police court Thursday morning to answer a charge of killing a dog owned by Wilfred Lewis Prevost.

—Richard Copeland was committed for desertion in the provincial police court this morning and was sentenced to six weeks' hard labor. Copeland was employed on the sealing schooner Triumph.

—A union picnic of the Methodist Sunday schools of Victoria will be held at Sidney July 2. The picnicers will be taken to Sidney by the Victoria & Sidney railway. An interesting programme of sports has been arranged.

—The meeting called for this evening for the purpose of organizing a high court of the Independent Order of Foresters by Dr. Oronhyatekha, supreme chief ranger of the order, has been postponed. The doctor by a change of plans will not arrive here for several days yet.

—The inquest upon the body of Mrs. Peter Jolliboy resulted in a verdict of suicide while despondent. Deceased before shooting herself wrote a letter saying she was going to die by her own hands, and she enclosed in separate envelopes a number of small presents for friends. Mrs. Jolliboy was a sufferer from acute rheumatism, and it is supposed she committed the rash deed when an attack seized her.

America Photographed.

While the supply of back numbers of America Photographed lasts the full series may be obtained at the Times office. Parts nine and ten were exhausted this week, but another lot will be received in a few days. For the present, therefore, every person who comes will be supplied with the complete volume from the first number, at ten cents per part. A neat portfolio cover, costing 65 cents, can be procured by leaving orders at this office, where a sample may be seen. These are offered for the convenience of subscribers who purchased America Photographed and who do not wish to go to the expense of binding. The portfolio cover is in strong cloth and very cheap—about one-quarter the price of binding.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

"The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.

Former Price, $7. And a large

CRAYON, $1

"Coronas" are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Cut out this Coupon and bring it to Skene Lowe, 61 Government Street.

Good until July 10th.

ARRIVAL OF THE TACOMA.

She Had a Long But Pleasant Passage Across the Pacific From Japan.

Japanese Gun Boats Ordered to Korea to Protect the Mikado's Subjects.

The steamship Tacoma, of the Northern Pacific line, 17 days from Yokohama, arrived in port last night at 10 o'clock. The trip report of Purser Donaldson is as follows:

The steamship Tacoma left Hong Kong on the 8th day of May, Kobe the 16th, of May and Yokohama the 19th of May. Arrived at Victoria 5th of June, at 10 p.m. Her cabin passengers were Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Bayne, Mr. and Mrs. Nankinel, child and servant, Miss F. Harrison, W. Murray, G. C. Murray, J. M. Underwood, G. T. Ince, T. Gillard, R. Peplowski and two children, C. W. Falkenberg. There were eleven Chinese and 64 Japanese in the steerage. There were 316 tons of freight for Victoria and 2131 tons for Tacoma and overland points, consisting of silk, tea, sugar, hemp, rice, curios and general merchandise. The ship had fine weather throughout the greater part of the voyage, but was detained for twelve hours off the coast.

C. W. Falkenberg and J. Stinson, two of the crew of the wrecked schooner Henry Dennis were passengers from Yokohama. They go to Seattle. Mr. Stinson is a brother-in-law of Captain Miner.

The Tacoma is being discharged to-day, and will leave for the Sound at three o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Yokohama Herald mail summary of May 18 gives the following late Oriental news:

There was another fire at Hiratsuka on the 14th instant, which burnt over 60 houses. The particulars are not yet known.

Asama Yama once again emitted a large volume of smoke on the 13th inst., and rained ashes down on the neighboring villages; Annaka in Joshu province having suffered the most from it. Fortunately the mulberry leaves of this district did not sustain any damage.

Marriage in the Tottori prefecture does not seem to be very successful, judging from the returns published. Last year there were 310 marriages and 995 divorces in this prefecture.

An employee of the Yokohama branch of the Kakegawa Bank at Kitanakadori, Shichome, named Fujita Ijisuke, aged 62 years, whilst waiting in the Yokohama third-class waiting room for the 10:45 train, was robbed of a box containing the sum of 30,000 yen, which was to have been sent to the head office of the bank.

The Kokkai reports that the present disturbance of the Togakuto has long been anticipated by the authorities. The naval department sent out to Fusan, the Tsukushi Kan on the 3rd instant, to observe the condition of Korean affairs, and at the same time to protect Japanese subjects there. The man-of-war cruiser Tsukushi Kan is at present stationed at Fusan and the Ooshima Kan at Jenchuan. The Takao Kan and Yamato Kan of the standing squadron will leave Nagasaki for Korea to-day.

The diet was opened to-day (the 15th instant.) the Emperor presiding in person. The same ceremonies were observed on this occasion as on the last, both in going and returning, as well as in the diet itself. The Emperor entered the hall at about 10:40 a.m., being accompanied by the imperial princes, Marquis Tokudaiji, Viscount Hijikata, and chamberlains. On the Emperor entering the hall a deep obeisance was made, when Count Ito, minister president of the state, presented his majesty with a scroll, containing the imperial speech. The imperial speech being concluded, another obeisance was made, when the president of the house of peers stepped forward and received the scroll from the hands of the Emperor. After a short rest in the waiting room, the Emperor returned, the same order of procession being followed in returning as in coming.

The chief of the hydrographic bureau has issued a notification stating that in consequence of the Abyssinia rock having been searched for in vain by both English and Japanese men-of-war, it has been struck off the charts as non-existent, but in consequence of the report of Captain Snow of the Retriever, published in the Herald, which stated that the rock exists under water, and that some of the sealing schooners had touched thereon, he warns vessels navigating in that portion of the ocean to be exceptionally careful until farther particulars are ascertained. There seems no doubt but that the rock is there, but it is exceedingly difficult to locate it. No doubt it will be found some time.

The air is pregnant with rumors, so much so indeed, that stormy political times are impending, the throes attendant on the evolution of party and responsible government, are likely to lead to the shipwreck of the Ito cabinet, or to enforce its resignation. The opposition, seemingly, are disposed to ignore the administration, and without more ado, are bringing forward addresses to the throne which are in reality impeachments of the ministry. Politics seem to have practically resolved themselves into a tug of war between the adherents of the clan system and their opponents. The next few days of parliamentary proceedings will be likely to see some startling developments. Count Ito and his colleagues' official bed of roses will be found to be so much possessed by thorns, that quitting it will be shorn of half its chagrin. To become inkio will be rather a treat than otherwise.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

CORBETT AND JACKSON.

New York, June 5.—The international heavy-weight championship battle between Corbett and Peter Jackson will positively not take place in England. Corbett says he has declined the National Sporting Club's offer of a $15,000 purse and will only consent to fight the colored champion in America.

The information was conveyed in a cablegram to-day to George Welty, the theatrical manager, from Corbett himself. Corbett also stated that he had decided to accept the $35,000 offered by the Jacksonville Athletic Club of Florida and authorized Welty to sign the articles of agreement. Anything Mr. Welty does in the matter, Corbett says, he will stand by.

The Californian agrees to fight Jackson for the purse and $10,000, the battle to take place in October or November. Corbett says that he will not return to America until July or August, and will require at least three months to train for the contest. He insists that the battle must be fought under the Marquis of Queensberry rules, the gloves to be the smallest allowed by the club.

Regarding the selection of a referee, the champion says he will allow the club to name the man or leave the matter to the principals to decide. Relative to the stake money, Corbett agrees to post the stakes as soon as the articles are signed. If Jackson objects to this arrangement, Corbett says he will strain a point and agree to post the stakes in installments, the sum of $2500 to be posted on signing the agreement and $2500 more two weeks before the fight.

Corbett will insist, however, on having inserted in the agreement a stipulation to the effect that should either party fail to comply with the articles all money in the hands of the stakeholder shall be forfeited to the party who shall have fulfilled his obligations according to the agreement.

Mr. Welty said to-night that Vendig, who is the eastern member of the Jacksonville club, called on him two weeks ago and asked him to communicate the offer of the Florida organization to Corbett. Mr. Welty did so with the present result. Corbett will agree to have Al Smith, Dave Blanchard or Phil Dwyer as referee.

"If Jackson wants to fight Corbett," said Mr. Welty, "surely he will accept the Jacksonville club's terms. The colored man will receive just as fair treatment in Jacksonville as in England. I am prepared to sign articles on behalf of Corbett at once."

CHOYNSKI AND FITZ.

Chicago, June 5.—Parson Davies has arranged a six-round go between Bob Fitzsimmons and Joe Choynski, to take place in Boston June 18. Davies and Choynski will leave Chicago for Boston to-morrow.

THE TWO LITTLE NIGGERS.

New York, June 5.—George Dixon and Walter Edgerton, "the Kentucky Rosebud," were matched to-day to fight 20 rounds or more, under Marquis of Queensberry rules, for gate receipts, the winner to take 75 per cent. The fight is to take place in Boston, June 29.

The Spring Medicine.

"All run down" from the weakening effects of warm weather, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not put off taking it. Numerous little ailments, if neglected, will soon break up the system. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, to expel disease and give you strength and appetite.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignement of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

Say Mister!

Have you given that Spring Suit any thought? Have you looked around to see where you could do best? Have you been reading our advertisements?

Don't Get Rattled . .

Trying to answer this fusilade of questions, but come around and see what we can do for you in the way of a Spring outfit from hats to socks.

Cameron,

The One Price Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street

Findley's Electric Soap RETAILED BY GROCERS, $1 PER BOX.

An inferior and cheaper article is being offered at 80 to 90 cents. Get the best, it is the cheapest at last.

Works, Cor. Government and Herald Sts.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

BANKRUPT SALE.

Remnants Remnants Remnants

A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Everything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.

DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR FORT.

TEARING DOWN BUILDING UP . . SALE

THIS MONTH ONLY.

Russell & McDonald,

Masonic Building, Douglas Street.

DRESS GOODS

80 Pieces, 4,500 yards, Wool Goods, 10c. per yard. 23 Pieces, 830 yards, 42-inch, Cashmere and Cords, 25c. per yard. 30 pieces, 1,200 yards, 42 to 46-inch, Silk Cashmere and Fancy Dress Patterns, 50c. per yard. 3,000 yards French Prints, 5c. per yard. 2,800 yards Flannoletts, 5c. per yard. 1,360 pair Black Gloves, 10c. per pair. 480 Pairs Black Hose, 10c. per pair.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,

(LIMITED)

VANCOUVER, B. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF **Refined Sugars and Syrups**

OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST

(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6½c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags.	5⅝c. "
	Granulated, " "	4⅞c. "
	Yellow, according to quality. "	4¼ to 4⅛c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2⅝c. "
	5 " "	$2.00 each.
	1 " Tins,	$4.25 per case of 10
	½ " "	5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECLIPSES

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 28th day of October, 1892, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12, noon, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 117 in the District of Alberni, in the Province of British Columbia.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 5th day of June, 1894.

SCHULTZ & MORPHY,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.
40 Langley Street, Victoria. jes-3w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its sitting to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of September next, for a transfer to George Richardson, of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Windsor Hotel situate at the corner of Government and Courtney streets in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1894.

j5-1m ALEX. McDONALD.

"A SCOTCH HIGHLANDER."

The Application of an Arran Gentleman for a Situation.

A Liverpool firm of bankers who advertised for a bookkeeper to go to Africa received amongst the numerous applications the following amusing letter, written in black lead:—

London, S. W.

Dear Sir,—Having noticed your advertisement in the London Telegraph, I offer myself to you to go to Africa to keep your book. I have no encumbrency, therefore I can start at once. You require to be careful who you fix on. I am a man of my word, and i can be depended on. I am a Scotchman, or, to be more correct, a Scotch Highlander; a native of Arran, Buteshire. I am between thirty and forty years of age. A shipwright by trade, but I dont care about it, i prefer the Pen. I have been blessed with a good mother, and thanks be to the giver of all good, He has kept me from drink from childhood till now. I am a total abstainer and non-smoker. The right man for such a post is a respectable, sober, honest, upright, and absolutely trustwothy man. You will find me the right man for you should you fix on me. I will expect you to deal faithfully with me, and give me encouragement and every assistance. I have now been in London some time, therefore i am well known, so i can give you any amount of references, also Police references. Although i am willing to go out i will not go if the climate is such as to put me into an early grave. You must also promise me to deal faithfully with me, and to attend to my comfort, should you do so all is well. I will do my duty. Should you decide on me and you want to start at once, you will have to send me suitable clothing and also money, as I have neither the one nor the other as I am out of work at present, but have no debt to pay, give me every particular, such as lodgings, how far is the grocers and butchers shops away, is there coals to be got, drinking water, milk, is there any churches, his the people savages or civilized, can you carry a revolver or sword on your person, is the Sabbeth day observed there, in hopes to hear from you, etc.

NOTES FROM ABROAD.

A Few Gleanings from the Field of Outside News.

The notion that consanguineous intermarriages lead to insanity in the offspring receives no support from the Irish lunatic asylum inspectors of county Donegal. An hereditary taint of madness in parents is admitted to be a fruitful cause of the increase of mental disease in the Letterkenny district, but that the marriage of relations mentally and physically sound has no tendency in this direction is evidenced by a striking case—that of Tory island, off the Donegal coast. The island is nine miles distant from the mainland, with a population of 348 souls, amongst whom the marriage of relations is a thing of almost absolute necessity; yet in the course of forty years only one case of lunacy has occurred there, and there are stated to be no imbeciles, epileptics or idiots amongst the islanders.

Sir C. Cameron's bill for the disestablishment of the Church of Scotland has been issued as a parliamentary paper. It to some extent follows the line of the Welsh disestablishment bill, providing that, from and after the passing of the measure into law, ministerial vacancies shall terminate the claims of the parishes upon the tithes. It proposes to vest the fabrics of the church upon local bodies, but to give the congregations the right to the sole use of them. The bill may possibly get to a second reading this session, but beyond that no progress may be anticipated. Every constituency north of the Tweed will be keenly interested over disestablishment at the next general election, and the popular verdict, whatever form it may take, will show both sides precisely how they stand. Dr. Cameron and his friends are evidently determined that their bill shall be unusually introduced into parliament until a Liberal government finds itself in a position to assume the direct conduct of the policy involved.

"Auld Robin Gray."—The origin of this most lovely ballad, and of the events which occurred in connection with it, has been given in the "Bland-Burgess Papers," where it is stated that Mr. Jas. Burgess, who afterwards became Sir Burgess-Lamb, fell passionately in love, at the age of thirteen, with Lady Margaret Lindsay, daughter of the Earl of Balcarres. The affection was returned, and as the two grew up matters became worse and worse. Parents and prudence forbade the union, and to make the separation complete the beautiful girl was betrothed to and married an old General Fordyce. Lady Ann Barnard (Lady Margaret's sister), with the probable assistance of Lady Elizabeth Hardwicke, celebrated the incident in those lines, admitted to be one of the gems of Scottish song. The end of all things was anything but romantic. Years after, when Sir James Burgess had been twice a widower, and when the old general had long since departed, the hero and heroine of the ditty were thrown together again and married. And so it came about that plants of spring made a show of flowering again, in the brief sunshine of St. Martin's summer.

The Bombay Gazette says some perturbation has been occasioned by the fact that many officers proceeding home on leave, who had taken their passage by the Peninsular and Oriental, have been stopped in Bombay and informed that their furlough has been cancelled. It was not unnaturally supposed that some serious cause must have occasioned this unlooked-for interference with the movements of officers who were proceeding to England in the full belief that they would be permitted to enjoy a period of hard earned rest. No leave has been cancelled or even refused in the Bombay presidency. This circumstance, satisfactory in itself, has only made the cancellation in the case of the Bengal officers the more inexplicable. Upon inquiry it has been ascertained that on the other side of India a relatively considerable force has been warned for service on the frontier, for one of those recurring troubles which add so much to the anxieties of the unfortunate minister of finance. It is in connection with a prospective expedition that some dozen or fifteen Bengal officers have had their leave cancelled.

Moved by the remarkable address of Dr. Bhandacker, vice-chancellor of the University of Bombay, on the subject of the excessive mortality among Indian students, Mr. Justice Ranade has addressed a letter of inquiry to four hundred persons in various parts of the presidency competent to give an opinion on the subject, who have already, in one hundred and thirty-three cases, replied, after convening meetings of their friends to discuss the points involved. The general results were communicated by Mr. Justice Ranade to the annual meeting of the Graduates' Association in Bombay. They show that the general average of premature deaths among the graduates during the thirty years of the existence of the university had been four per cent. of Parsees, five per cent. of Guzeratis, and ten per cent. of Deccani Hindoos. Mr. Ranade unhesitatingly ascribed the excessive mortality in the first place to the abnormal poverty of many of the students. He declared that in many cases the students contrived to make a living by working extra hours or depending on the charity of others. In direct opposition to Dr. Bhandarker's views, Mr. Ranade attributes the excessive mortality, in a secondary degree, to the severity of the university curriculum.

There are more Bismarck stories in "The Deutsche Revue." One is as follows: When Crispi was on a visit to Bismarck, at Friedrichsruhe, and the family were at lunch, the princess went up of Bismarck, and set his necktie straight, it being all awry. Bismarck said: "For fifty years I have been always battling with my necktie. The bow will never remain in its place, but always turns to the same side. As there must be a reason for everything, I explain this phenomenon by my habit of moving my head, and by the bristles of my beard, which, being shaved short, have the effect of a brush. Indeed, when I wore a full beard my cravat never turned in this way. I wore a beard at the period when I was first Russian ambassador at Frankfort. I wore it during my serious illness, and even afterwards. But my wife would not hear of it any more, and insisted that I should shave. I obeyed her wish—but the beard was so comfortable before." "It might be comfortable," interrupted the princess, "but it did not suit you at all; it was horrible." "Horrible or not," returned Bismarck, "you gentlemen," turning to his guests, "would have done as I did; I sacrificed the ornament on the altar of domestic peace!"

CARDINAL GIBBONS' ESCAPE.

Nearly Poisoned by a Dose of the Wrong Drug.

Years have rolled by since, but the story of an almost fatal accident to Cardinal Gibbons has lost none of its interest through not having been previously told. Just before he rose to give the impassioned reading of his poem, "King Lear," at the anniversary dinner of the Sons of St. George, Prof. H. H. Hay, of Girard College, told of the happening as it had been related to him while he was travelling in Europe by a priest acquainted with the circumstances.

"While the cardinal, who was then only an archbishop," said Prof. Hay, "was travelling across the Atlantic some years ago, he complained one afternoon that he wasn't feeling very well, but was told by the ship's surgeon to await medical treatment until the following day, when something would be done for him if his sickness continued. On the day following the steward of the steamer was duly sent with a remedy for the eminent prelate. As he was about to place the glass containing the draught to his lips the archbishop was almost overcome by a strange and pungent odor.

"He hesitated a moment and lowered the vessel containing the liquid until he recovered from the effect of the smell. Glancing incidentally at the bottle in the steward's hand he noticed the word "poison" on the label, and, not without a little alarm, asked the man if he knew what he was offering. The steward replied that he had done as he was directed by the doctor. Alarmed, the archbishop sent post haste to the medical man to make sure of what was being tendered to him. This time it was the surgeon who had occasion to manifest surprise. He hurried to his distinguished patient and informed the archbishop that the glass offered him contained enough deadly poison to kill any two men."—Philadelphia Call.

LABOR IN EUROPE.

Laws for Workmen's Benefit in Scandinavian Countries.

Mr. Geoffrey Darge closes his reports on foreign labor with a memoir on the Scandinavian countries and Spain and Portugal. The Scandinavian countries, Mr. Darge says, are making rapid advances in the direction of state socialism, and the various bills on accident insurance, old-age pensions and limitation of the hours of labor, all show the influence of recent German legislation, and it seems evident that the governments of Sweden, Norway and Denmark are all inclined toward protective legislation for the working classes. One of the most curious instances of the protection of labor is furnished by Denmark, where a royal commission proposes, in order to protect the interests of the workmen, to petition of their rivals in the country, that no country tradesman should be allowed to sell goods outside of the district in which he pays personal taxes, and that special permission must be obtained from the minister of the interior by any country workman who wishes to establish himself nearer to a town than four miles. These reports point to a distressed condition on the part of small agriculturists.

In the richest farming districts of Norway it is stated that the peasant proprietors are falling deeper and deeper into debt. In Denmark, even though wages are higher than ever before, the fact still remains that a large proportion of working-class families are obliged to live on a sum which ought not to suffice for more than one person. Many of the people are employed on Sundays, and it is provided in the law of April 1, 1891, that no work of a noisy or disturbing nature shall be done in factories between 9 a.m. and 12 p.m. on Sundays and holidays. In a few trades—confectionery, for instance—Sunday is the busiest day in the week.

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JAPANESE AND PERFUMES.

Incense Used in the Ritual of the Buddhists.

Among the ritual furniture of the different sects of Buddhism in China and Japan, vessels for incense of every variety of shape are found, and in one collection at the Burlington Fine Arts club the incense burners held among the bronzes the same place of importance that the boxes for holding the incense took among the lacquer. The temple censers are usually uncovered and stand in front of the altar. Into the accumulated bed of the white ash are stuck what we irreverently call joss sticks (manufactured, according to Rein, from the bark of a species of Illicium).

It is the smoke from these sticks as they smoulder away that gives the characteristic smell to Buddhist temples, and indeed to Japanese interiors generally, for they are daily burned before the little house shrines. The covered incense vases take every variety of form, long-legged cranes and grotesque lion-like monsters being perhaps the most common. There are special censers—these more for secular use—some suspended by silk cords, others containing within a cup supported on a universal joint, so that they may be rolled about without upsetting the incense.

The Japanese had another means of employing perfume in the Choji-buro, or cloves bath, which must have been in frequent use in old days, to judge by its common occurrence in collections of bronze and faience. Cloves or other sources of perfume are heated in water over a bronze brazier, and the scented vapor escapes into the room. At the same time the Japanese pay comparatively little attention to the scent of flowers.

They prefer the faint scent of the blossom of the plum (prunus mume) to all others, to judge at least from a little poem that may be rendered, "Seek excellence among men in the Samuri, among flowers in the cherry blossom, among perfumes in the plum blossom, among objects of desire in the toshima." The last word, by the way, is interpreted in the dictionaries as a woman of about thirty summers, more or less.—The Century.

HYENA AT SEA.

The Trouble That It Caused on Board of an English Ship.

The Nairnshire called as usual at Las Palmas, and there a hyena, which had been sent from Cape Juby and consigned to the London office of the West African company, was taken on board. It was confined in a wooden box or cage, three feet broad and two feet six inches high. The front of the box had been fastened carelessly with simple half-inch nails, with the result that two days after leaving Las Palmas the hyena tore its way out of the cage and took refuge among some sacks of fruit, etc., underneath the forecastle deck, a space of thirty-five by fifteen feet and eight feet high. There it remained for five days, to the terror and danger of all on board, for it moved about freely, and no one knew at what moment he might meet it face to face.

Captain Olsen's first impulse was to shoot the dangerous brute, but he finally decided, as it was a valuable animal and properly consigned, to endeavor to deliver it alive. In pursuance of this policy, and prudently bearing in mind also that a wild animal is always more savage and dangerous when hungry, Captain Olsen, carrying a loaded shotgun and having on each side a man armed with a revolver at full cock, was escorted into the forecastle hold by one of the seamen, who threw within convenient reach of the beast choice chunks of New Zealand mutton. Though nothing untoward occurred Captain Olsen was naturally anxious to be relieved of his inconvenient charge, and on arriving at Gravesend on Friday a telegram was sent to the West Africa company to send and fetch the hyena, otherwise it would be shot. The company's office was closed for the holidays, so that nothing could be done.

When the Nairnshire arrived in Victoria dock it was decided to make an attempt to capture the hyena, and Samuel Lowe, dairy expert to the New Zealand government, who had boarded the steamer in the exercise of his official duties, pluckily volunteered to take charge of the operations, being assisted therein by Mr. Caird, of Turnbull, Martin & Co., and Captain Olsen. By Mr. Lowe's direction the forecastle hold was gradually cleared of its cargo, while a number of sailors stood by with sacks and boards. The hyena resented the operations by snarling and showing its teeth, and occasionally crouching as though to spring upon his intruders. Finally, however, he was got into a corner behind a large cask, and a seaman, by a dexterous throw, managed to get a rope around his neck. While the beast was struggling in the toils a second rope was thrown around him, and, and the cask being then rolled away, the hyena was dragged into his cage amid the loud cheers of his amateur hunters.—London News.

IN THE HAREM.

The Customs of a Damascus Institution Described.

There is a certain amount of mystery connected with a harem, therefore we were greatly pleased when its occupants sent to ask the ladies of our party to pay them a visit. We were shown into a smaller reception room, and they came to us. Their appearance was disappointing, for they were neither beautiful nor well dressed; their costumes were of flowered muslin, and their head dresses were quite devoid of ornament.

We heard afterwards that in the heat of summer the Damascus ladies lay aside their richer dresses of cloth and silk and their jewelled turbans for this lighter and more commonplace attire. Conversation between us was impossible, for they knew no English, and we were equally ignorant of Arabic, and the only interpreter at hand was our local dragoman, who, of course, might not be admitted to their presence.

In another house that we visited, also through the good will of the vice-consul, the Oriental charm was somewhat broken by our hosts appearing in European dress instead of their flowing robes, but none the less did they receive us with true eastern courtesy. They showed us, with evident pride, a quantity of priceless old Persian china, which, being a valued heirloom, rarely saw the light, but which had been brought out for a banquet on a preceding day. Equally splendid was a third palace, but it was a splendor in decay, for the owner was bankrupt and the house deserted. Grass was growing between the slabs of marble pavement, the water was stagnant in the fountain, mosaics had fallen from their setting in the walls, and the whole building was pervaded by an air of desolation. That this had been a home of wealth was manifest from their being within its precincts a Turkish bath; on this also the seal of time was set, and the series of rooms, each for its special purpose of heating, douching, cooling, or resting, were in a state of dilapidation.—Good Words.

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COLONEL SMITH.

The Gallant Soldier's First Experience With a Large and Energetic Bear.

How Colonel Brake Records Getting Home to Camp One Summer Evening.

A very interesting group occupied half a-dozen chairs or so in one of Victoria's big hotels last night when a Times man ventered into the reading room and dropped into one of the capacious leather-covered seats near by to enjoy a fine Havana he had just kindled into aromatic ignition. The group was composed of gentlemen evidently, by their accent, sailing from the southern side of the border. The chief talker, and the most charming, was a tall, erect, white-moustached, snow-haired and ruddy-faced man clad in faultless fashion, and bearing about him that air of absolute cleanliness of person and uprightness of mind one always associates with the ideal of a true military officer. That his comrades in the group addressed this interesting personage with great respect yet easy familiarity, calling him Colonel—say Smith, for short—did not surprise the recumbent scribe; it was all so perfectly natural.

Before the man had been called Colonel by any of the group, the newspaper man knew intuitively that he was a Colonel, and that whosoever should address him would do so deferentially, yet easily and familiarly. These made the corollary to his very appearance. One could see in the Colonel's strong blue eyes the fire that had commanded in the ranks of death, mingled with the sweet domestic light that beams from the eyes of an indulgent father watching the gambols of his children.

The other men of the group were not remarkable for anything beyond common notice or interest. The Colonel was talking; the others were listening with deep pleasureable attention to his notable voice, with its sharp, peremptory, military intonations, as if he were still ordering troops to do his bidding. Yet, withal, there was a fine turn of humor and wit in the voice when the subject required it. Removing the cigar from his mouth and passing his large white hand tenderly over the carefully waxed moustache, the Colonel said, dropping the military style momentarily, in a rich and not unpleasing New England drawl.

"Bears, eh?" glanced around upon the company with a smile, and then laughed, "Ha! ha! Well, my first experience with bears was rather funny!"

"Yes, Colonel, how was that?" came from the whole group simultaneously as with one accord they hitched their chairs forward half a yard, so as to completely encircle the Colonel, knocked the ashes off their cigars and settled down to listen.

The Colonel smiled again and stroked his fine moustache.

"Boys, I don't like to tell the ridiculous yarn for the simple and reasonable reason that it goes so deucedly against myself. I was the victim," and the Colonel lay back in his chair and gave way to such a hearty "Ha! ha! ha!" that everybody in the big reading room turned round and smiled; they could not help it, so hearty and ringing the old soldier's laugh.

"Oh, never mind that, Colonel, said a big commercial man excitedly, "we've got to hear that yarn, now, come on, Colonel, don't keep us in suspense."

"Well, but it was so extremely ludicrous and put me in such an absurd light that on the whole I think you'll have to excuse me, this time."

The group were now thoroughly wrought up to a great pitch of curiosity and excitement, and every man of the party heartily seconded the speech of the portly commercial man. That worthy leaning forward until his face was quite near the Colonel's, and looking him earnestly in the eye, said, marking time at every word with his big fat forefinger,

"Colonel Smith, you have worked this crowd of honorable gentlemen up to a pitch of excitement beyond which flesh and blood cannot safely go. We know you have a good story to tell, and I tell you, sir, here and now, by all the sacred city of Boston most worships—blood, brains and beans!—that you must tell it or we shall not be answerable for the consequences, which I can confidentially hint to you, are likely to be most awful. Think, sir, what you are doing, and I [illegible] you will not torment us further with any beating about the bush. Colonel, I solemnly adjure you, tell us that bear story."

"Really, Brother Casey, this is a somewhat curious way of getting one to tell a yarn," flashed the old warrior, then in a moment, himself again, "but, no, boys, it's too good a thing against myself; really, you must let me off this time."

"Not by a —— sight!" came like the united strength of a trained choir from the whole group.

"Well," said the Colonel in a resigned manner, "I suppose I am in the pass and you have crowded the heights. Forty years ago, (ahem! long time that, eh?) most of you were not born then. Forty years ago I was camped with my company on the banks of the Powder river, in about as wild a looking country as you'd find anywhere. There were Indians about, and they were out for mischief. We had orders to clean out a band of them up near the forks of the Powder, and we were doing some tall marching. I was just from Boston, and thought the west a perfect fairyland, surpassing the Arabian Nights and all other fanciful tales by an everlasting majority. Well, as I said, we camped on the Powder one night and after supper we swapped yarns around the camp fire and smoked our pipes. None of this in those days, boys," and the Colonel held up his fine fina and puffed a fragrant cloud like the discharge of a signal gun from under his bristly moustache.

"It was hot down in that canyon by the rolling river. Every gust that came through felt like a puff from an ocean liner's engine room, barring the oil, all the fellows lay around sweltering and listless. It occurred to me that a swim in the clear green water of the Powder would refresh me before turning in, so getting a towel and tossing my rifle over my shoulder I went up the bank a short distance, perhaps a mile, until I found a lovely sheltered pool, the water about twenty or thirty feet deep and so clear you could count the pebbles on the bottom among the white sand; Jutting out from the bank some ten or fifteu feet above the water was a big sycamore, making a simply elegant diving platform. I was very fond of diving in those days. Well, guiltless of a bathing suit or clothure of any kind, in puris naturalibus, I stepped out on the tree and took the plunge. The water was icy and chilled me to the core, and my teeth played the castanets when I came to the surface. No sooner had I clambered up the steep bank and walked out upon the tree again than I heard a great crash in the bushes behind me, and a moment later, to my perfect horror, a huge grizzly stalked sullenly out quite near my clothes. He paid no heed to me at first, but pawed my clothes over and played with them, bit them, finally tore them into fragments, knocked my rifle down the bank into the water, and, horror, or horrors, took a long, leisurely wicked look at me. He seemed to be meditating about something—me, I suspected. I must say I was badly scared.

"Out at the end of the tree was the rapid river, far too swift for me to stem and far too cold for me to live in more than ten minutes. Under me was the pool, behind me was the bear, and all around me despair. The grizzly now set foot upon the shore end of the tree, and I realized what a hideous monster he was. His small eyes were encircled with red rings which did not beautify the sinister-looking orbs. His girth was enormous, and his claws looked like the tines of a pitchfork, and sharp as a cat's. My hair bristled on the back and top of my head like a terrier's when he fights, but there was no fight in me just then. So great was the monster's weight that the big sycamore actually swayed as he got actually upon it. I could see his enormous muscles rolling under his brownish colored coat. Naturally I retreated further toward the outer end where the branches were thinner. Steadily, balancing himself like a regular Blondin, out he came, sinking his horrid claws into the bark with a crunching sound, and all the while keeping his blazing eyes fixed on me.

"Back and back I went until I was at the outer edge of the pool where the swirl of the current made the water foam.

"'My God!' I said to myself; 'am I to perish like a dog far from the consolations of religion and the clasp of a comrade's hand?'

"Ah, boys, as I look back on that moment, my first real adventure, face to face with death, a cold perspiration breaks out upon me.

"Nearer came the grizzly. The hot, fetid breath of the great beast blew into my face. I tried the power of the human gaze upon him. It didn't work worth a cent. Onward he came and back I slid. The branch upon which I found myself was fearfully thin, but thank God it was tough; I glanced behind and the sight made me gulp. The tip of the branch was in the rushing river, the swiftness of which made it sway and tremble. Just above me stood the grizzly with his massive head swinging to and fro, his claws opening and closing, crackling into the wood. I was almost within his reach.

"Dead silence had prevailed since the chase began. It was never to end I thought. Suddenly he shot out his huge paw and missed me by about three inches. No boxer ever made a quicker swing. Then he laid his belly on the branch, stretched himself out a little further and tried again. The big sharp claws were less than an inch off my face. I could not budge the fraction of an inch. The grizzly prepared for another sweep, and it would undoubtedly have been the last of me had it come. But I noticed as he poised himself upon the branch how extremely delicate the balance was. I could not see the branch where it semed to disappear in his vast chest, until it emerged beyond his buttocks far in shore. The thought flashed across me in a moment and I acted upon it as quickly. Just as he lifted his paw for the blow I gave the branch a quick, strong jerk to the same side as the uplifted paw. What a tremendous splash he made, and how the stout bough hoisted me up as a bucking bronco does when he is feeling his oats, released from the tremendous weight of the bear. He sank out of sight for a moment, then rose snorting like a hippotamus. Meanwhile I had reached the trunk of the sycamore and a moment later the shore. I never thought of my clothes. All I saw was the bear swimming for the bank, and I had tact enouh to know what the consequences of lingering there would be. Into the woods, naked as Adam in Eden, I bolted, and ran like a scared dog. I do believe the sprinter of the troop, Pat Carney, would have been simply nowhere with me in that race. I ran as if the evil one were after me with a redhot pitchfork. There was no trail, of course, but I kept as near the river as possible. There was still plenty of light and I got along bravely. To my horror, however, on looking back, when still some distance from camp, I beheld the monster coming through the woods as only a grizzly can. Run! Great Scott, boys, I flew, skimmered, shot through the air like an air ship. Just fancy me, naked as Apollo, every branch and twig scratching a new rent in my hide, my feet cut and my wind nearly gone, and this devil of a grizzly roaring at my heels! At last, at last, I saw the glow of the camp fires among the trees. I tried to shout, couldn't; my tongue was too much swollen. The brute was now awfully close. Another hundred yards and there would be another South man to his reward. Major Burns's tent was right ahead of me. One, two, three, whoop! I flopped clean through the canvas, pulled the tent down, upset the major in the act of writing at his table, spilt some excellent liquor, crawled out at the other side of the wretched marquee and sped on to Lieut. Maginnis' tent. Just then half a dozen rifles cracked, and turning I saw the grizzly go down for a moment, but he rose, foaming and gnashing his teeth and came at us again; another volley smashed his head in and quieted him. Then you should have heard those fellows laugh. The fun of it was we had not a whole suit in camp, so I had to wear a nondescript outfit of the most ridiculous description until we got over to Fort Washington. I have the skin of that bear in my study at Boston, and my eldest daughter Nellie wears his great white claws in a necklace. So that is how I was chased into camp by a grizzly.

"Gentlemen, they keep an excellent article of Scotch whiskey in this house. Shall we?"

And they did.

THE BRAZILIAN SURUCUCU.

A Reptile of Which the People are Justly Afraid.

This reptile reaches a length, it is said, of twelve feet, and for beauty, agility, savageness and venom is excelled by none in Brazil. The old Dutch settlers gave it the name of the "Bushmaster," a title it well deserves. The beautiful glints of light on this reptile's scales excel those of a humming bird's nest. It is of a reddish brown color, with varied markings. It fortunately is chiefly nocturnal, and only frequents dense woods, as a rule, not coming near houses.

The finest specimen I ever saw was about eight feet long and had six fully developed fangs—three on each side—as well as eighteen in various stages of growth—nine on each side. It was a pleasure to dissect this fine snake. The front fang was one inch and three-quarters long, exclusive of the bony base. The effect of a lunge from such a serpent can well be imagined. This is caled Surucucu, as it is said to make a hooting noise at night; and de Fogo, as it is said to approach a light at night and try to get as close as it can.

It has a curved claw on its tail, which the natives say it uses to dig into the ground as a fulcrum for its leap on its victim. This requires corroboration. The natives here a great dread of it, as well they may, being the most deadly looking reptile here, the size of the poison sacs being so great, as well as its own size, agility and proved savageness. It seems to feed on wild pigs—"paca"—a large rodent like a guinea pig—deer and other animals.—Chambers' Journal.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price.....

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Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests,
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
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A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

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RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my method than by all other devices combined. They retain invariably, without pain or inconvenience, day and night, for years at a time, and have been pronounced by thousands to be the greatest boon to humanity. Sent on trial. Pamphlet with testimonials free. CHARLES CUTHE, 156 King St. W., Toronto. DEFORMITY

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Millions of women throughout the world can vouch for this, as it is they who have proved its value. It brings them less labor, greater comfort.

America Illustrated!

MUCH FOR LITTLE.

That is what you get when you clip coupons from the Times and get our Magnificent Art Portfolio, "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED."

$20.00 FOR $2.00.

That is about the size of it. There will be twenty parts which will cost you but 10 cents a part, with one coupon from the Times. Art works have been sold around the country at one dollar a part, which did not equal "America Photographed" in artistic beauty.

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No other Portfolio issued equals "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED." Its beautiful photographic engravings are each 11x13 inches in size, and are accompanied by accurate and entertaining descriptions.

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Rock House, North Carolina.
Mt. Nebo, D. & R. R. R.
Dells of the Wisconsin.
Sugarloaf Rock, Mackinac Island.
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Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone.
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The completed series will be a grand collection of art, and the fund of information its pages impart will be of inestimable value.

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HOW TO GET BACK NUMBERS: To those who have been unable to secure the preceding numbers of "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED," and desire to start in now and complete the great work, we offer a combination coupon, one of which with 10 cents for each part will procure a complete series.

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Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 10 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Back numbers, beginning at No. 1, may still be obtained at Times office.

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PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

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TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 8 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 3 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x145 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or single $225 each. Postoffice box 301.

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First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
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Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 19, 1894.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Great Diligence Displayed in Dealing With Business at To-Day's Session.

Election of Officers--Arrival of Fresh Contingents — Events on Programme.

After the services yesterday Rev. T. Baldwin was appointed moderator pro tem. Messrs. Brownlee, Hall and King were appointed a committee on enrolment.

During the examination of credentials the women's meeting was held, Mrs. P. H. McEwen president. After devotional exercises Mrs. McNaughton, president of the Emmanuel Mission Circle, spoke a few words of appropriate welcome to the women present from the Emmanuel church, to which Mrs. Dr. Banks, of Everett, suitably replied. Reports of several mission circles were read, which showed various methods of work and results of labor and urged to greater usefulness.

Mrs. Keith, of Seattle, was elected president; Mrs. P. H. McEwen, of Emmanuel church, Victoria, vice-president; Mrs. W. H. Spofford, of Victoria, secretary, and Mrs. Sabyer, of Ballard, treasurer. Two children, Bessie and Winnie Scowcroft, sweetly sang a duet. In the absence of Miss Byers Mr. Brownlee read a paper entitled "Home to House Visitation." Mrs. Atherton read a paper entitled, "Something About Mission Circles," which described mainly the methods of work in the mission circles and was full of suggestions as to enlarged usefulness. Rev. P. H. McEwen and Mrs. McEwen sang a duet, which was appreciated, entitled, "Hold the Light Up." Mrs. Agnew, on behalf of Mrs. D. L. Gauley, read a paper on "The Grande Ligne Mission." Mrs. Allen, the state missionary, then delivered an address dealing with the work in Mexico, especially showing the necessity of women with consecrated hearts to carry the gospel to the needy in that land. The meeting adjourned at 5.45.

The following are the delegates attending the convention:

Victoria, Calvary—Rev. T. Baldwin, Wm. Marchant, W. Walker, C. H. King, Mrs. Elliott, Miss Walker, and Mrs. Andrews.

Emmanuel—Rev. P. H. McEwen, T. Haughton, H. Heard, G. F. Waites, Mrs. McNaughton and Mrs. Westcott.

Seattle—Rev. D. J. Pierce, Rev. D. D. Proper, Mrs. Proper, Mrs. Thorndike, Rev. W. F. Fleemer, A. Hall, Mrs. L. H. Griffith, Miss Ware, Mrs. and Miss Muldoon, Mrs. W. Upper, Mrs. Anna Hall, Miss Bennett, Rev. C. L. Brownlee, vs. Brownlee, Rev. C. W. Finwall and Mrs. Finwall.

Snohomish—Rev. J. Cairns, Mrs. Cairns, Albert Thrall and Judson McKinley.

Ballard—Rev. C. A. Solyer, Mrs. Solyer, John Tees and J. R. Dullam.

New Whatcom—J. L. Miller and Miss Selina Lindbury.

Everett—Mrs. A. B. Banks, Miss Winkler, Mrs. McKern and Mr. Sherwood.

Quartermaster Harbor—Miss Fannie Allan.

Kirkland—A. Dullam.

Fremont—Rev. G. W. Burnham and Mrs. Benjamin.

Nanaimo—Mrs. Cook, Mr. Cocking, Mrs. Cocking and Rev. Mr. Welch.

La Conner—Rev. J. C. Baker.

Oakland, Cal.—Rev. J. Sutherland.

Centralia—Rev. C. C. Marston.

Portland—Rev. J. Teale, representing the Pacific Baptist.

The evening meeting was convened at 7.45. Mrs. T. H. Baldwin conducted the devotional exercises. Mrs. W. H. Spofford read reports from later mission circles. Miss Allen led in discussion, regretting that so many of the circles had relinquished the juvenile branch of the work. Miss Pearl Fleming gave a very appropriate recitation. Misses Grace Sherk, Irene Pickard and Evelyn Marchant rendered very beautifully a trio, an adaptation of Bishop Heber's missionary hymn, "From Greenland's Icy Mountains." Miss Scowcroft recited a piece suitable to missionary work. Mrs. Dr. Banks read a paper prepared by Mrs. Ward of Seattle.

A. E. Westcott sang with much feeling, "Nearer My God to Thee." Miss Selina Lindbury read a paper entitled, "Young People's Work in Foreign Missions." Miss Winkler read a paper prepared by Miss Marian Walker, state secretary; Mrs. P. H. McEwen closed the programme with Missionary Pickets, being bright, crisp thoughts about missionary work and effort, contributed by different persons. Rev. C. C. Marston offered prayer. Revs. J. C. Baker, J. Cairns and P. H. McEwen were appointed a committee on new churches. Rev. C. C. Marston, D. J. Pierce and W. T. Fleemor were appointed a committee on resolutions.

Rev. J. Sunderland pronounced the benediction, and the meeting adjourned until to-day.

The association convened this morning at 9.30, and there were devotional exercises led by the Rev. G. W. Burnham of Fremont. A large number of the delegates were present and took part.

The election of officers came next, and resulted as follows: Rev. W. T. Fleemer, moderator; Rev. C. A. Solyer, clerk; A. R. McNeil, treasurer; Rev. C. F. Brownlee and Mr. C. H. King, auditors.

The reading of reports from churches was then commenced and continued until adjournment at 12 o'clock. When the delegates reassembled they were grouped on the east side of the church and photographed by Jones. The delegates looked pleasant for several minutes while they were taken from several points.

Devotional exercises were led by Rev. G. R. Fatima, Arrapahoe.

Rev. J. C. Baker, Rev. J. Cairns and Rev. P. H. McEwen, the committee on the reception of new churches, reported that in the year one church at Ballard, two at Seattle, one at Vancouver, B. C., one at Franklin and one at Newcastle had been received. The report was discussed and adopted. The convention was still in session, and later in the afternoon a temperance work report was to have been presented.

Rev. W. C. Weir and party of delegates from Vancouver and Rev. J. H. Best, with the Westminster delegates, arrived on the Premier.

THE ASSIZES.

Commencement of the Case of Regina vs. Redgrave.

The assizes were continued to-day before Mr. Justice Crease.

The first case called was that of Regina vs. Redgrave, the indictment contains three different counts, namely: That the prisoner, Harold Redgrave, on or about the 23rd day of December last, at Donald, in the county of Kootenay, did shoot John Barr with intent to murder and also to do grievous bodily harm and wound the said John Barr. W. J. Taylor is defending the prisoner. The trial was first set for Kootenay county, but the venue was changed to Victoria and the witnesses have been brought down from Kootenay.

Mr. Cassidy in his opening address to Mr. Cassidy in his address to the case at the present assizes. He briefly stated the evidence the crown would adduce showing that the prisoner Barr and several others were together at the Forrest House in Donald engaged in a game of cards—draw poker he thought it was. During the game a discussion rose as to relative worth of men of different nationalities and as is too often the case in discussions of this sort the men became angry and Redgrave challenged Barr to come out and settle it. Barr accepted and they went down towards the tank on the C. P. R., but before reaching it the prisoner became frightened and they turned back on the understanding that he set up the drinks and the matter would be thus amicably settled. On the way back prisoner said he would be in a bad position in the eyes of his friends, when Barr told him he had made a fool of himself; at this moment prisoner fired at Barr and the bullet entered his mouth, and it was the merest accident that the charge was not one of murder.

Mr. Taylor at the beginning stated that for the purpose of saving time he was prepared to admit as facts the depositions taken at the preliminary hearing. This was agreed to, and the depositions of the injured man, John Barr, were then read. He saw after the shot the prisoner holding a pistol right on him. The rest of his evidence is stated above.

Dr. Symonds' evidence related to the wound on Barr's head.

Arthur Edge saw the two men on the road, heard the report and saw Barr stagger.

The depositions of Redgrave were then read. He told of the conversation and the dispute. He thought the dispute was all joking. He said that from his position as a police officer he would not have thought of fighting. They went out, when Barr struck him on the chest, making him stagger and broke his hands out of his pockets, with the result that a small pistol in one of his pockets went off. He did not know till afterwards that Barr was injured.

After luncheon Barr was called by the crown to contradict some statements of Redgrave's contained in the depositions. Mr. Taylor objected, and a great deal of cross-firing was indulged in by counsel. His lordship noted but overruled the objection, and Barr is now giving evidence.

The crown entered a nolle prosequi in the case of Arthur Carruthers, charged with manslaughter, and the prisoner was discharged.

The grand jury yesterday made the following important presentment:

"To the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease:

"May it please your lordship: We, the grand jury in session assembled, make presentment as follows:

"Having visited and inspected the police cells in the city hall, we have to report that we found them well kept, in good order and the sanitary arrangements satisfactory.

"We also visited the provincial jail and found the place scrupulously clean and in excellent order throughout. We have to express our appreciation of the pains taken by the warden in showing us through the establishment.

"We visited the Isolation and Jubilee hospitals, and found the former well arranged in every respect and ready for use in case of emergency. Of the latter we can only express our satisfaction in finding everything very clean and in good order, while the wards seemed to be carefully made bright and as pleasant as possible to the inmates. We found the sanitary arrangements within the building fairly good, but we regret the plan adopted in both hospitals for clearing the ground of sewerage is inefficient and of the most primitive kind.

"We would strongly recommend that some plan be devised for more thoroughly clearing all the grounds by drainage to the sea. We find among the inmates of the Jubilee hospital several old men who more properly belong to the charge of an old men's home, and think that the government or civic authorities should provide for them in some other way, rather than that they should be a charge upon a charitable institution of this class.

"We would respectfully call the attention of the court to the fact brought before us in the indictment for the concealment of child birth, that three medical practitioners were called upon to attend the patient in question, but they absolutely refused to go to her relief. We are of the opinion that the law should make it incumbent upon all registered medical practitioners to promptly attend such extreme cases of necessity when called upon as in this case, especially in this province of British Columbia, where the medical profession is so well protected by statute.

"We are also of opinion that some radical changes are imperative in the arrangement of staircases and provisions for jurors, witnesses and the general public in the court house ("and the judge," added his lordship), the former particularly being too circuitous and dangerous in the case of fire or panic, at the same time wasting space that might be utilized for the latter.

"Your grand jury desires to express its great sympathy with the sufferers through the disastrous floods on the mainland, and while feeling satisfaction at the efforts made by the provincial government to render temporary assistance, hopes that every possible aid may be given to those in need.

On behalf of the grand jury,

"JOHN B. LOVELL,
"Foreman.

"Victoria, June 5, 1894."

Law Intelligence.

County court will be held to-morrow, with Mr. Justice Drake presiding. There are on the list twelve ordinary summonses, one replevin action, six adjourned, fifteen garnishee and forty-two judgment summonses to be disposed of.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

PASSENGERS.

Per str City of Kingston, from the Sound—Chas Anderson, J E Sawyer and wife, A Blumah, Mrs A Preston, Frank Ross, J Sunderland, Miss Walker, H Winchester, Miss McIrirde, O F Pierce and wife, Miss Jones, John Hendrickson, C H Bartlett, W F Bartlett, E Bloom, John Lickman, Peter McPollard, J Mayer, C H Cole and daughter, J A Anderson, R C Ferguson, T H Brown, J Barnard, T Connely, E H Silverton, Mrs Brenham, J C Baker, J F Hutton, Mrs E Horton, Mrs Pridham, Arthur Foster, P D Nichol, Miss Horton, T H Teel, G H Trout, J A Kendall, S Watts, W T Heywood and wife, B G Pone, D Stone, Mrs F E Watts, Mrs Knapp and daughter, A Hirsch and wife, J F Baker, L J Harris, Dr Mitchell, J H Riches, W G Crocker, R L Puck and wife, Mrs E Magan, W Lewis, Mrs Kreold and daughter, Mrs Oliver and daughter, R A Thorne, Miss Clarke, J B Hicks, J Mason, Dr O Tuck, Miss Tuck, Jung Goon, H Sharp, J L Daniel, E H Worsley, J R Campbell, H Williams, E M Greenleaf, Mrs Landes, R Pelby, T B Landberg, A Delgardno, L W Hall.

Per Steamer Premier, from Vancouver—Mrs Stark, S Thomas, Geo Bergs, Mrs Forster, J Welch, Capt Lawrence, J Coltart, A E McPhillips, S G Todd, C Brouch, Rev C A Coleman, W Irving, G M Leishman, Justice Drake, Capt Harland, Capt Forem, D Mills, Rev S Cleaver, H P Bell, Miss Dawson, Geo McL Brown, A H B Me Gowen, R Ackland, J McNicholl.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—John Parker, W G Warner, Arthur Robinson, Mrs F Kline, Porter & Son, order A R Johnson, & Co, Brackman & Ker, per M S B VanVolkenburgh, Wm Spencart, W A McIntosh, B C Cattle Co, Hastings Saw Mill Co.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—W Armstrong, A Baker, Clarke & Pearson, C A Godson, Colbert & Warner, C R King, E B Marvin, Kam Fok Yuen, L Goodacre, McLennan & McFeely, Ramsey Bros, Russell & McDonald, steamer Coquitlam, W H Dorman, W Blackley, W N Lazier, Sikon Leiser, M P Franks, Capt Lawrence, Dom Exp Co.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

FOR SALE.

The goodwill and stock in trade of the COLONIST HOTEL, BEACON HILL PARK On account of sickness. Easy terms.

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Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

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SELDOM EQUALED NEVER EXCELLED.

Argyle House.

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A Large Assortment of Lace Curtains, taped and scollaped, 50c. a pair.

Just Received—One case more of those 50 cent Corsets.

Our $100 Grey Corsets are the best in the market.

Heavy White Wigan Sheeting, 20 cents a yard.

J. Horner & Co.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE, 30 Broad Street.

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Get a Morris Souvenir Card. Each card is numbered. Your card may secure you a perfect Stem Winder Watch, which are now on exhibition in our window. Buy your

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

At Morris', the Leading Tobacconist, and obtain a card. These Souvenir Watches are in our window, and are to be presented to the holder of the Morris Souvenir Card corresponding with the numbers that will be selected every week.

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BY ORDER OF SHIPPERS.

To close consignments, a shipment of the following will be sold at a considerable reduction under cost:- Kirker & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale, in cases, 100 doz.; Lime Fruit Juice Cordial, Raspberry Vinegar; Brown & Polson's Corn Flour.

Terms cash.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ld. L'blty.
Victoria, B. C., June 1st, 1894. 1m

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See my Twenty-Five Dollar Suits $25, $25, $25.

No matter what price these were, gentlemen! Your snap comes in when you get them at Twenty-Five Dollars.

Why pay exhorbitant charges to self-styled leading merchant tailors for Chinese labor? When you can get the BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET for the least money at McCallum's, manufactured by high artistic experts, trained by long years of experience.

ALL WOOL TWEED PANTS FROM $5.00 UP.
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JOHN McCALLUM, The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad Street.

P.S.—I'll hae nane o' thae feellies wi' lang O's workin' for me.

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Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the standard of excellence in the matters of durability, beauty and delicacy of texture. They have long been the favorite dress goods of well dressed Englishwomen. The American and French goods. Canadian ladies can prefer these to obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS MATERIALS 2

WEILER BROS.,

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REFRIGERATORS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ETC.,

Of the Latest and Best Makes.

Select your WALL PAPERS from the largest, best and most varied stock in British Columbia.

CARPET SWEEPERS in the best makes only.

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS AND CURTAINS in all the new art shades.

AWNINGS made to order; any style.

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Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

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my23-4m

TENDERS.

Will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Saturday, the 9th day of June, for the purchase of 50 acres of cleared Hop Land, on the Mills' Farm, and being the east half of section 19, Range 1 East, North Saanich District.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TOLMIE LAND CO.,
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BR. SHIP BENMORE.

STOTT, MASTER.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of above ship.

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Victoria, B. C., May 28th, 1894.

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Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
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Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable. 1

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